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#### SS Number Becomes Bankina ID Number

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EWSP,

WASHINGTON, D.C. - The govern-ment has found a new use for the Social Security number. As of July 1, it also became an individual's Taxpayer Identifi-cation (TID) number, and all banks are required to use it, to facilitate retrieval of

Corporations have separate TID numbers, government sources reported, but for individuals, it is the SS number.

Filing of income tax information by using the SS number is not new, but now banks must use this system in case the Treasury Department needs financial records for investigating organized crime, sources said last week

The disclosure of the new requirement The disclosure of the new requirement, came during a Computerworld investigation of regulations which implement the so-called Bank Secrecy Act of 1970. This act, designed to reduce tax evasion through Swiss bank accounts and to help fight organized crime, requires banks to microfilm, for government access, every check, draft or money order, in addition to other documents.

#### **GE Ready to Donate 10 CPUs**

Damaged in New York Flood ELMIRA, N.Y. - GE is trying to determine whether schools or other educa-tional institutions would be interested in ten 265 CPUs that were damaged in this

area during the recent floods.
According to a GE Information Services Division spokesman, "we are trying to find out if the schools could make some use of the damaged systems. We would donate them to the schools if we find a

But at the same time, he also noted that

#### the firm was exploring "commercial nues for the disposal of the systems On the Inside This Week **British Study Disco**

Computer Privacy Threat

Seen Rising 200% by 1978 Editorial .......8 

#### 1973 Meeting in New York Afips Moves to One National Show

Of the CW Staff
MONTVALE, N.J. - The Fall Joint
Computer Conference will be the last int Computer Conference. A new, single National Computer Con

A new, single National Computer Con-ference (NCC) and Exposition, lasting five days, is being planned for New York City next year, according to Walter Anderson, president of the American Federation of Information Processing Kiewit Official Urges

pring and fall joint conferences (which been planned for Philadelphia and San Francisco respectively) will be held June 4-8, 1973, in the New York Col-

while other group have been disappointed with atten ce at New York ce at New York conferences in recent months, Manhattan was the recommendation of the Afips Industry Advisory Panel, a spokesman said. The Coliseum has been called the

most expensive hall in the country, both most expensive nail in the country, both because of floor space and the require-ment to deal with as many as a dozen

Vol. VI No. 30

unions in setting up a conference.

The expenses, however, should be diminished by a larger number of exhibitors, Afins indicated.

Plans are proceeding for the 1972 Fall Joint Computer Conference, Dec. 5-7, in Anaheim, Calif. While this will be the last semiannual meetings, actually be a phase-in to the new format, rces disclosed.

sources disclosed.

Of the 60 sessions planned, for example, about half will be user-oriented, consisting of panels and management seminars. Additionally, there will be four full-day user programs in parallel, specifically aimed at the banking, manufacturing and health industries, and "information data centers,

(Continued on Page 2)

#### 'Crash Now, Not Later'

By Ronald A. Frank

Of the CW Staff
HANOVER, N.H. - The user should allow his telecommunications system to crash whenever "serious software inconncies" are discovered.

"Rather than attempt a software error recovery procedure, the user should crash now, not later," according to Robert Hargraves, associate director of the Kiewit Computation Center at Dartmouth

Communications Seminar

Speaking at the annual data communications seminar sponsored by the center, Hargrayes said consistency checks should be inserted into the system to determine

how long it continues to operate after an error has been committed.

When errors or crashes occur, an errorwhen errors or crashes occur, an error-chain backtracking procedure should be followed to remove the last error first, he said. "You may never get another chance to duplicate the condition that exists in the system at that point."

In analyzing the cause of the crash the user should write out tables, registers, core memory contents or any other data that will help to diagnose the cause of the problem he said

One effective way to monitor system performance is to insert counters" at critical points, he suggested.

(Continued on Page 2)

#### 256K Model 30 In First Use

By E. Drake Lundell Jr. Of the CW Staff

SAN FRANCISCO - The first 360/30 with a core upgrade to 256K is in operation here and the user is pleased with the initial results

The 256K unit was installed in the San Francisco Data Center of Greyhound Computer Corp. by Computer Hardware Consultants & Services (CHCS) at the end

Currently the largest standard Model 30

currently the largest standard Model 30 from IBM contains 64K. In a test comparing the 256K 30 against a 256K 40 on a series of heavily CPU-bound compiles, Greyhound found "the job took only 18 minutes with the 256K 30, as compared to 14.5 minutes on the 40," according to Larry Larsen, general

manager of the center. On normal jobs that are more I/O bound, we want to do more benchmark studies, but feel certain we won't lose any time on the Model 30. The time constraints are on the printers and tape drives which are identical for both models

Use of the upgraded 30 will allow the service bureau to offer 360/40 users "substantial" savings on their DP costs, Larsen stantial" savings on their Dr costs, Labelt said. In addition to the 30 and 40, the firm also operates a 360/65 and a 7094. "It's true," Larsen admitted, "that our Model 40 is faster, since it handles 2 bytes at a time with a cycle time of 2.5 µsec compared to the Model 30's 1 byte at a

time with a cycle time of 1.5 µsec.

Larsen claimed that only experience would show what the full potential would be for the Model 30s, contending that maybe 256K isn't the limit.

The 256K upgrade costs \$103,000 and a one-year lease will cost \$4.020/mo. Maintenance adds \$120/mo, according to CHCS at 1409 Easton Road, Warrington,

#### Checkout System Checks In Clerks check out customers at the new Atlanta Richway discount store. The store is the first in the nation to use "almost every facet" of the NCR 280 Retail System,

tine IFFS in the nation to use "almost every facet" of the NCR 280 Retail System, according to the vendor.
Frank Dooley, assistant DP manager for Rich's, Inc., parent company of the discount chain, described the point-of-sale system as "the total works, from wand reading to take."

table."
The light pens eliminate manual keying-in of transaction data.
Despite Rich's own programming bugs on the company's IBM 370/145, Dooley said
the point-of-sale side was doing "fine."

★ Special Report: Communications, User's Choice... Page 18

Follows

X

#### Afips Drops Joints, Switches to One National Show it was effective, with booth numbers

The Afips announcement called on all societies, whether members of the federation or not, user groups and industry as to participate in a "National Computer Week

The computer week and the broad orientation of the new conference will help develop data processing as a "na-tional resource." Afine said in announcing

board.

The decision to change from two shows a year to a single conference was "not an easy one," Anderson said, but was "mandatory" in light of the recession and the

cnanging nature of computer use.

Over the last three years, the JCCs have been plagued with diminishing participation, by both attendees and exhibitors. A 1,000-both limitation imposed two years ago was strictly academic as soon as

by eliminating the requirement for police-men to appear in court (he claimed ap-

cedures satisfy most

· The city may collect as much as \$41

int permits park in otherwise restricted

Later in the week, an aide to PVE

Director Anthony Atlas confirmed that the fault was not in the computer system,

but in the plate numbering system. The computer problems might occur when keypunchers misread traffic tickets, the

ion in traffic fines this year The system is being redesigned to avoid issuing unwarranted summonses, such as when FBI agents park illegally, or handicapped persons and those with spec-

eadily declining to around 300.

Attendance has dwindled from a high of around 30,000 three years ago to less

then half that at the last joint. To respond to the trends, Afips last year formed the Industry Advisory Panel (IAP), and that group of 10 industry representatives called for major changes

in ICC format providing attendee lists to exhibitors, service previously forbidden by Afi

ded switching to one

and the incommended switching to one national conference a year, to be com-bined with several regional meetings; that recommendation has been temporarily tabled, Afips indicated.

#### Society Reaction

Reaction to the move to one single conference, and to New York as its loca-tion, was varied. While Aftips claimed the exhibiting community and federation members had shown "extremely strong sentiment" for New York, the member ties were less enthusis

The Computer Society of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE/CS) said the impact on the agreement between IEEE and Afips might need "some study.

Dr. Al Hoagland, society president, said it was "not obvious to me" that this was the correct route to take, and he had requested a special meeting with Afips so he could be briefed on the criteria used. While some observers have noted the

#### State Must Answer Complaints

#### **Faulty Ticketing Brings Action** • The city has saved 50,000 work-hours

NEW YORK - A new state law requires this city's computerized Parking Violations Bureau (PVB) to answer complaints within 75 days or automatically drop charges against individuals.

The law stems from a long series of erroneous tickets, some of which went to motorists who never visited the city,

local sources reported. State legislators and the local press have blamed the computer for indiscriminately issuing tickets, but PVB officials say it is

mostly an input problem everal typical causes of the errors were

cited last week by a bureau source:

New York State has identical series of license tag numbers for different cla cles, e.g. motorcycle, auto

 Policemen sometimes write the wrong state on traffic tickets, and neighbor states use the same numbers for tags Traffic tickets might be writ

rectly by transposing license tag numl System Advantages

Even so, the anonymous DP employee cited some advantages of the bureau which removed essentially the handling of traffic summonses from the crit

#### COMPUTERWORLD

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#### Let System Crash, Users Told

Among these would be a counter to keep track of "insignificant problems" such as line errors or transmission errors in a data line errors or transmission errors in a data set. At predetermined levels the cause of any excessive indications on such counters should be investigated before they become major problems, Hargraves

Network Optimization

In a session on network optimizati phone bill for a teleprocessing network is directly tied to the skill of the user in

defining his needs.
"The user's operating characteristics dictate his network design," according to Dr.
Paul Shannon, president of Digital Systems Corp. Shannon said a central
"super center" has better operating charristics in a communications system than a distributed network of regional

The concentration of processing power lets the user centralize his software, main-tenance and other DP functions, Shannon

With a proper mix of term multiplexers in the field, the user can access his super center from any remot location, he said. The introduction of intelligent terminals into a commun system can " the characteristics of a data network,

ATAT will not suggest the use of mult AT&T will not suggest the use of multi-plexers in a network because this is "out-side the service offerings" of the phone company, he said. In citing the advantage of multiplexers, Shannon said some networks had saved more than 50% by designing their routes and thereby re-

ducing system mileage.

Some of the reduced cost service off ings from Bell can actually degrade the performance of a data network, Shannon performance of a data network, snannon suggested. In a system with peak traffic loads, a shift from regular disl-up service to Wats lines might prevent some messages from getting through because less incoming lines would be available at the central DF site.

In addition, users should be concerned

rather than deciding strictly on the initial period rate, he said.

#### Cutting Line Costs

One of the most effective ways for users to cut line costs is the design of least distance networks, Shannon said. Many networks expand in growth stages withnetworks expand in growth stages with-out considering the overall operating pat-terns in the system, he said. The selection of network tie points, or nodes, should be determined by such factors as traffic pat-

terns, multiplexing needs and teleph rate centers, he continued. vate line multipoint networks afford the best economies of scale in a large network, the user should retain

#### Common Carrier Service

In a review of common carrier services Robert Brewster, vice-president of Digital Systems Corp., said it is usually less costly to derive low-speed channels from one wideband link than it is to lease similar 1000 Series channels individually from the telephone company. Derivin such channels via the use of independen lexing equipment is usually co

effective, he said Most significant in determining monthly rates on private line systems is total mile-age, Brewster said. The phone company uses a vertical/horizontal grid pattern to ters, he said.

e "VH coordinates" should be util ized by users when optimizing their net work distances - the complete coordin ate system for all toll centers is published riff 255, he said.

In opening remarks to the seminar at-endees, Dr. Thomas Kurtz, director of the Kiewit Center, said communication planning has been "an essential part" of the Dartmouth time-sharing system. In designing the Dartmouth network, it decided that dual front-end Datane processors would act as the main CPUs with dual Honeywell 635 mainframes per-

forming as "slaves," he said.

Citing the validity of this approach,
Kurtz said it is important to "get the communications processing power out as close as possible to the remote user."

financial plight of some professional groups, Hoagland said IEEE/CS was in a "very healthy position," adding the JCCs were not his group's major source of income. There are about 17,000 members in the Computer Society, he noted.

ACM President Anthony Raiston said his reaction was "cautious...certainly

#### Milestones

1961 - December, First "Joint Computer Conference," held in Philadelphia, with ACM and IEEE predecessors participating; 877 tendees, no exhibitors. 1952 - 1,110 attendees, 20 exhibi-

tors.

1953 – February, First "semiannual"
conference in Los Angeles, called
the "Western Joint Computer Conference." Eastern JCC held in Wainington, D.C., in December,
1962 – Names charge to "Spring" and
"Fall" joint conferences. Sponsoring organization changes its
name from National Joint Computer Conference Committee to
Affice.

Afips.
1969 – May. Record 30,726 non-exhibiting personnel attend SJCC in
Boston, Because of size of hall,
exhibitors limited in number to

exhibitors limited in number to 172, with 427 booths, July, IEEE, ACM and SCi to make future JCCa a "joint venture." November, Las Vegas FJCC draws record 368 companies to two separate exhibit floors; 997 booth spaces rented. Attendance drops to 18,600 non-exhibiting personnel non-exhibiting pe

12.243.

1972 - May. SJCC attendance 11,867, with 290 exhibit booths. Decem-ber. Last Joint Computer Confer-

not overjoyed." While the entire JCC board agreed that one national co ence a year was preferred, he said other

Ralston also said he and Hoagle would meet at the specially called meet-ing of the Afips board, in Chicago Aug. 11. He is "not entirely convinced" that every detail of the Afips announcement is

John McLeod, four dent of Simulation Councils, Inc. (SCI). took a less serious view of the decision to reduce the national show to once a year, reduce the national show to once a year. He was not pleased with New York, however, and added, "being a simulator, I think we should build a model" to see how the decision might affect Afips, attendees and other us

While Hoagland said he had not seen "substantial evidence to support the action," and recalled that the Afips agreement called for participation in two ferences a year, Afips claimed the deci-

ion was "unanimous."
The JCC board is comprised of rep tatives of IEEE/CS, ACM and SCI, plus

#### Nutrition Data Bank Built

CHICAGO - Swift and Company has established a nutrition data bank contain-ing detailed information on its food prod-ucts for consumers and any others who

request it.

Along with data on moisture, protein, fat, carbohydrate, vitumin and mineral content of its food products, the company will provide meal planning guides and storage information.

Swift's food scientists began the project

Swift's food scientists began the project more than a year ago analyzing the com-pany's major brand consumer products. The information has been compiled in the computerized data bank at the firm's

#### Manual Check Reverses County Election Results

ALBANY, Ore. - A routine manual check of a computerized vote count over-turned the results of a recent election

Following the computer count it ap-peared that I an Timm had edged out Ver-non Schrock for the Democratic nomina-tion for Linn County Board of Commissioners. But the usual check of results revealed votes missing from two pro-Schrock precincts, and the election was turned over to Schrock after the recount.

#### News Wrapup

The miscount was caused by a program-ming error, according to Linn County Cierk Del Riley. Aithough the votes were registered in the two disputed precincts, ter did not print out the results because of information omitted in one of the header cards in the controlling program, Riley said.

heid in Linn County, and despite the problems Rijey said the county will continue to use the computer, with safe-guards built into the system to prevent

#### N. Y. May Centralize Tax Data

ALBANY, N.Y. - The state Board of an which would put information used plan which would put information used by tax assessors in one central computer. If implemented, the program would en-able any tax assessor in the state to obtain sales and market data to determine the "fair market value" of any piece of property.

The plan is still in the research stage, The plan is still in the research stage, according to Robert Kitchen of the state board, but if approved, the first stage would be a physical inventory. "The first stage is to know what we've got in this state in terms of the value of taxable property," Kitchen said.

property," Kitchen said.

The goal of the computerization, he said, "is to obtain equality of property taxation within a city, town or village and between municipalities, so that similar tax parcels will bear proportionally equal

#### **Aussies Probe Privacy Threat**

AUSSINGS FIDDE FITTERY INTEGER SYDNEY, AUSTRIA 7. JUNE 9. A SPONS AUSTRIA 7. JUNE 9. A SPONS AUSTRIA 7. JUNE 9. A SPONS AUSTRIA 9. A SPONS AUSTRIA

They agreed to appoint a judge to make an intensive investigation which would seek the views of all interested parties seek the views of an interested parties, including sociologists, members of the computer industry and those responsible for collecting and compiling public rec-ords and statistics.

#### Vaccination Data Bank Due?

ATLANTA - The Center for Disease Control is trying to get airlines to computerize the vaccination requirements of i 60 nations in an effort to centralize information for travelers and reduce un-

The computer program has been written but the efforts to get the airlines to adopt the procedure are in the beginning stages, according to Dr. Arthur S. Osborne, chief according to Dr. Arthur S. Osborne, chief of the center's foreign quarantine pro-gram. He said center spokesmen have been discussing the computer project with officials of the Air Transport Associ-

Osborne said the computer would con-tain current information on each country's required vaccinations, as well as other recommended shots.

#### Small Firms Get IRS Eye

WASHINGTON, D.C. – The Internal Revenue Service will use a computer to screen all tax returns of small businesses next year, a move expected to bring in \$42 million in additional tax revenues, according to Assistant IRS Commissioner John Hanlon.

John Hanlon.

According to IRS sources, possibly less than two-thirds of the nation's small firms (assets of \$i\$ million or less) are conscientiously paying the taxes they owe under the law. This compares with a

owe unner the law. This compares with a 97% compliance rate among corporate and individual taxpayers. IRS plans to implement the computer-ized procedures next January, along with assigning more IRS personnel to the small

#### **NSF Aids Faculty DP Training**

NEW YORK - The National Science Foundation has awarded \$670,774 to

support a regional cooperative computer network which will involve the State Uni-versity of New York (Suny) at Bingham-ton and 15 other participating New York State institutions

State institutions.

The primary purpose of the project, entitled "A Consortium for Faculty Education and Curriculum Development Via Computer Resources," is to provide education in the instructional use of the computer to selected faculty members at the configuration in the control of the computer to selected faculty members at the configuration, institutions. the participating institutions.

#### See Yeu Again in 96 Years!

PHOENIX - James Stokely, street naintenance director here, has earned a nice long vacation, according to a city hall computer. Officials said a keypunch-

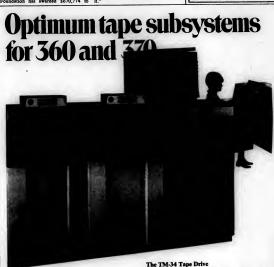
hall computer. Officials said a ke gutty hall computer of the said was expunch-ing error caused the computer to issue "I do not know just how this wonderful miracle came about," he said with a straight face. "But, as I have been taught to accept the infalibility of modern data processing, I find no reason to question it."

#### Ticket Fixers Fixed

LANSING, Mich.—One way to avoid computerized summonses is to aliminate one stage of data processing: input. Five woman employed in the DP division of the city's Traffic Department did just that recently, throwing out traffic tickets issued to their care or to cars of fellow workers.

A suncious meter maid unpowered

ring out traine tickets issued to their cor to can of fellow workers, or the care of fellow workers, or the care of fellow workers, or the care of the tickets of the tickets of the care of the care



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tive drives for greater tentrology and ensign faster maintenance. In brief, the ultimate in tape drives for 360 and 370 computers. What else could Ampele to this complete tape where the could Ampele to this complete tape subsystem? That the Thd-34/TC-38 costs less to acquire and to operate than IBM subsystem? It certainly does I call your Ampele computer specialist for details about tape subsystems, disk drives and core memories.

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#### Proposes Board to Review DP Use

#### **British Study Discounts Computer Privacy Threat**

By Joseph Hanlon
Social to Computerword
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report issued this month.

The government committee decided the
time was not right for detailed control of
computer data banks because of lack of
evidence of abuses and "because of the
speed at which the computer industry is
developing and the importance of not
impeding its legitimate progress."

#### New Commis

The committee proposed a new standing commission be set up to keep the use of computers under review (effectively an extension of the Younger Committee). It

extension of the Younger Committee). It also detailed a voluntary code of conduct for handling personal information.

Although "the privacy of computerized personal information . . . has attracted by far the most attention," the committee considered all forms of privacy invasion in the private sector.

The committee strongly opposed any The committee strongly opposed any new legislation in nearly every area, argu-ing that banks, the medical profession and universities could best handle their own privacy problems voluntarily.

It urged strong legislation to curb the of electronic surveillance devices use of electronic surveillance devices (under many circumstances, bugging and wiretapping are legal in the UK, the com-mittee noted) and milder legislation to regulate credit bureaus. The committee voted 14 to 2 against proposals for a legislated general right of privacy.

The softened recommendations brought

criticism from civil libertarians. Leslie Huckfield, Minister of Parliament, called the committee "a timid mouse." The National Council for Civil Liberties (NCCL) charged the committee "had neither courage nor insight" and that its proposals were "breathtakingly inade-

The NCCL noted the issue of computers is the "most important," but that "this section of the report is certainly the weakest. The proposals on data banks do not measure up to the urgency of the most grave and immediate threat to privacy," it added.

The proposed "toothless" commission
"is five years too late and merely another
version of the 'wait and see' approach of
which the committee itself is part," the

on its inability to document more than a few abuses (none in the computer area) and on what it perceived as little public interest (It received only 214 unsolicited

The Younger Committee conducted its The Younger Committee conducted its hearings in secret with little press coversee, and apparently made little attempt at investigation outside the committee room. It conceded: "We were not able to estimate the extent to which personal promate the extent to which personal pro-files are being compiled in the private sector, nor how much correlation of in-formation is taking place, nor how many cases of unauthorized access there may

The NCCL charged the committee failed to realize that "it is hard to come by detailed information on invasions of privacy because such invasions go on in secret; most victims do not know their privacy is being invaded."

data banks surprised many observers because of five points stressed in the report: Abuses feared by the public are now echnically possible.

"We are not convinced that co-iderations of privacy are at present st iciently in the minds of computer users

"Technical means exist or can be devised to provide a very high degree of security over the handling of information

"The level of security to be achieved by a system should be specified in advance by the user and should include precautions against...misuse of the

• It will cost far more to add t It will cost far more to add security provisions to systems after they are built than before. The committee quoted an international Computers Ltd. statement that security facilities added during the design stage would increase costs by 5%, while the same facilities added to existing systems would cost 25%.

#### Standing Commission

The proposed standing commission would "keep under review the growth The proposed standing commusion would "keep under review the growth and techniques of gathering and handling spersonal information on computers." Such a commission would have computer professionals as members, would collect information about computer data banks, receive complaints about investions of privacy and make recommendations for legislation.

The committee urged that the new com-nission should immediately consider The committee upon that he new con-mission should immediately consider licensing of computer data banks and the "responsible person" concept. The "re-sponsible person" would be a supervisory official at each installation who would be personally liable if information were mis-

The committee's 10-point set of "principles for handling personal information"

Information should not be used for purposes for which it was not supplied; in particular, the sale as a mailing list of names and addresses of magazine sub-scribers is "a clear breach of privacy."

Where data is being used for statistical purposes, identities should be separated from the rest of the data.

The subject should be able to find out what information is held concerning

him.

A monitoring system should be required to detect security breaches.

In the original systems design, security should be specified and limits set on how long information can be retained.

Credit reporting agencies also were covered. Of the three national reporting services, one hopes to be "fully compu-terized" by the end of this year, while the other two have decided that computeriza-

tion is too expensive at the moment.

The committee declared: "We do not The committee declared: "We do not consider that comprehensive legislation on the lines of the U.S. Fair Credit Reporting Act is required." The committee only recommended "that an individual should have a legally enforceable right of access to the information about him by a credit rating agency.



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#### MITRON ANNOUNCES OFF LINE POOLING TERMINAL WITH **AUTOMATIC DIALING**



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Remote terminals are manuelly dialed or an optional eutomatic dialer will sequentially poll remote terminals for data collection or transmission. A 9-treck 800 BPI drive is standard; 7-track 556 or 800 is optional. System options include Ascil to Ebcdic code conversion. The MDRS-9 is evelleble for rental or purchese.

Current users include oil, insurance, motor freight, paper products and household products companies, service bureaus and Government agencies

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#### Technology/Society -- Part II

#### Public as a Whole Must Decide Technology's Course

of the cW size.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. – Because the effects of technology – in particular, computers – can be extensive and long-lasting, decisions about the course of technological development must in-

This is the second in a series of rts on the conclusi reports on the conclusions drawn from the sight-year Harvard study of the relationships between technology and society. Part I [CW, July 19] discussed reasons for the failure of computar-based information systems to fulfill their setly promises to aid in govern-mental decision making.

creasingly be made by the public as a whole through political mechanisms rather than by individual enterpreneurs. So stated Emmanuel G. Mesthene, director of Harvard University's Program on Technology and Society, in "a final re-view" of the eight-year program that was supported by IBM.

view" of the eight-year program that was supported by Jilk apports the final one from the Harvard program since it was decided to reflect the funds from TBM to professorships instead of the sense that it marks a stopping, however, not a culmination or conclusion. The sense that it marks a stopping, however, not a culmination or conclusion. The sense that it marks a stopping, however, not a culmination or conclusion. The sense is the sense of the sense is a sense of the sense in the sense is the

nology brings with it. One major Issue in the area "has to do

with the implications of new technologies, such as computer systems for public decision making, and, more generally, for the organization" of the nation.

decision making, and, more generally, for the organization" of the nation. "In relation to the decision-making process itself, questions arise about the desirability, feasibility and further con-sequences of using technical aids such as computer-based information systems and scientific management techniques such as systems analysis," he stated.

"The problems of modern societies have become so complex and their ramifications so hard to anticipate that it seems patent that some such aids have to be used; tradition, political instinct and national habit no longer provide a sufficient basis for social policy," the director

added.
"Yet," he warned, "the prospect of employing such technical decision-making

aids raises new problems. For example, the results of computer simulations and systems analyses are delivered mainly in quantitative form, which can lend them an aura of rigor and infallibility nor justified by the hardness of the data or the validity of the assumptions on which they are based.

are based.
"They may thus come to be relied on

"They may thus come to be relied on disproportionately, especially in decision-making afrustions in which the issues in addition, Methene charged that effectiveness of such computer-based techniques cannot be "easily determined" by the average policy maker in government or the average man on the direct. Therefore, Meethene said, if their use becomes widespread, "there is a danger becomes widespread," there is a danger

becomes widespread, "there is a danger that the experts who use them may come to have loop great a voice in the determined of the state of the state "Conversel, where is a danger that such techniques will be used to give a 'un-estific' and therefore incontoversible appearance to decisions or policiae that such that the state of the state of the policiae incomposition." The state of the state of the policiae incomposition of the state of the state of the policiae incomposition of the state of the state of the policiae incomposition of the state of the state of the policiae incomposition of the state of the state of the policiae incomposition of the state of th

The most important problems tech-nology raises are thus political problems,

Mothem argued.

"They involve more than the application of new machines or new techniques;
in the end, they raise questions of institutional change," he postulated.

Threat to Privacy

In addition, he noted that the application of the new technologies, especially computerized information systems, raises the threat to individual privacy through the threat to individual privacy through the "ease with which computerized sys-tems can be used to store and retrieve large masses of data about individuals." Technology also exerts pressures on the values of society, in the direction of more collective value orientation, Mesthene

noted. Values once held in high esteem become no longer appriopriate and may become sectually harmful in high technology societies, he stated. Rugged individualism, for example, "cannot be allowed free rein in a society in which every sell increasingly has uninstanced or unforcement consequence of the control of the con individual benefit may carry social costs that will impoverish every one in the end," he said.

end," he said.
"Many of the tensions of technological
society are the result of a natural tendency to hold on to values too long after
they have been superseded by events," he

claimed.
The social tensions that arise from the application of computers and other new technologies are often "exploited by some individuals, groups and politicians for their own purposes," he added.
"The challenge to research and inquiry – and eventually to policy – is to

quiry — sing eventuary to point, — and find out why the old economic and political forms are not working and to modify them or design new ones that will both preserve the fundamental values of society and yet be adequate to modern technological realities," he concluded.

#### Patients, Computer Linked

SAN DIEGO — Doctors at the University Hospital here are planning to link patients undergoing surgery by wires and a telephone network to a computer at the University of California in San Diego, 10

Oniversity of cambring in san orego, to miles away.

The computer will take brain wave read-ings, analyze them and give the doctors up-to-date information on the condition of the patient, while the surgery is being



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#### Editorial

#### Change for the Better

The Joint Computer Conferences ere dead, Long live the National Computer Conferences.

The question now is whether Aflps, its member so cipties and all the non-member societies and associations

are really willing to work together to make the change. The joint conferences originally wars national conferances where people with very different day-to-day problems could get together to discuss common proble

But as data processing has grown in importance withir specific industries, there has been a trend toward holding "vertical" DP conferences within these industries. Implicit in such parochlei conferences is a belief that banking DP is different from, say, retail DP.

Actually, everyona in the DP community has the same problems: source data automation, efficient processing and delivering responsible output in an efficient manner to those who need it.

it's time for all the societies and associations to get togethar to sponsor a truly national conference that will meet both the individual and the collective needs of the DP community.

The Perennial Gap 1973 ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS 671 1970 FOR DP CAREER 1960 1050 1967 1966 1965 1964 Tieres Ju. COLLEGE

#### Letters to the Editor

#### **Dual Processing May Solve DP Addressing Problems**

Your reader, the "Mail Stop," [CW, The Taylor Report, July 12] is not alone, nor is he inaccurate in his assessment of the need for improved systems work in the discipline of name and address processing. Alan Taylor's recommendation for the

Alan Taylor's recommendation for the development of standards in computerized addressing methods is sound; however, first the postal service and the cities and towns throughout the U.S. must agree on standard address definition and

agree on standard address definition and assignment techniques. Urban Data Processing specializes in computerized census coding and zip-coding of name and address files. The experience of processing millions of names and addresses has taught us there will always be another exception. For a more consistent of the companion of the total constant of the constant of the con-traction of the constant of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction of the con-traction of the contraction of the contraction

number: Our solution, designed to maximize the percentage of annes and addresses which we can successfully process without During the preprocessing run we non-malize the input file to our convention. During the preprocessing run we non-malize the input file to our convention. During the percentage run we not make the part of the processing run we not provided to the provi

codes to rejected name and address order to facilitate manual correction.

We have also successfully applied this concept to the elimination of duplicate names and the grouping of individual names into household units.

M.F. Eveleth Jr.

Vice-President, Marketing Urban Data Processing Inc. Cambridge, Mass.

#### 'Trial by Data Bank?'

A further item in the grand march of government data processing: the FBI article on the front page of the June 14 issue. I had to read it a few times before the basic léde came clear - that the FBI believes existence in the NCIC files is sufficient cause for "terminating"/rending a budding career."
Note how suilt (or, more precisely, punishment - deprivation of amployment) now becomes e very simple matter of

querying the file. Why bother with archaic delays like courts and juries? "Sentence first, trial later" as the Red Queen said to Alice.

Queen said to Alice.

1 strongly resent this self-serving brain-washing by the FBI. How goes the case of the Boston taxi driver whose license was revoked because NCIC erroeously showed him as "case unsettled" on a drug

showen num. — charge? I think we are long overdue for some really serious challenges to the legal sig-nificance of NCIC data files and the whole syndrome of "trial by data bank." Robert Higgins

St Davids Pa The city, not the FBI, dismissed the employees. Ed.

Byte vs. Bit Controversy ... I disagree with your comment on page 8 of the June 28 issue, stating that users are more interested in byte capacity than in bit capacity, and thus the Univae 8460 disk system is bigger than the Burroughs 9484.

Following such logic, a 1K bit/byte disk would be "larger" with only 1/7th the capacity. It is true that the software of most 8-bit, byte-oriented vendors tends

to underutilize storage capacity, but it's still not fair to say they have a smaller disk. Perhaps a smaller "effective storage

Dennis J. Fraik Assistant Profess Southern Methodist University Institute of Technology Dallas, Texas

A Significant Difference

A Significant Difference
The June 28 uses of Computerworld
contained a letter from Mark Lutrak of
Burrough disputed pulared claim to
largest capacity disk subsystem in the
industry, if Lutrak's sistement that the
contract, then your response to his letter is
inaccurate and misleading.
A byte is recognized in the industry as
3-bit storage unit, capable of storing
two museric characters of 4-dipholate
two muser

the Burroughs' claim of 1.9 billion 8-bit bytes, the potential numeric storage is 2.2. billion for Univac vs. 3.8-billion for Bur-roughs, with Burroughs the obviously larger capacity system. Up of issue but 1 conceitings feel the elvertising claims of some conceitings feel the elvertising claims of the necessary does of salt applied before ac-cretance by the data processing frater-centance by the data processing frater-

ceptance by the data processing frater-

Robert L. Sullivan Data Processing Manager

Electronics Corporation

of America Cambridge, Mass.

Cambridge, Mass.
Neither Anni nor IBM define a byte as eight bits. Although 8-bit bytes do allow the use of packed decimal, it does not foliow that all numeric data is likely to be stored in packed form. Bowever, we do agree that expressions such as "largest capacity in the industry" tend to have little real importance, and we try to avoid using them. Ed.

Assembler Not Only Answer I have just finished reading David Ferguson's new column, "Ferguson on System 3," in the June 28 issue.

There must be a widespread but specific psychological relationship between IBM users and their vendor. Listen to this quote from Ferguson's article:

"If he [the S/3 user] is programming in RPG and runs out of storage space, he simply buys more core. He is told he has to do this and doesn't recognize that

What alternative? Why, training some-

white assembler:

"The RPG program, for instance, which requires 16K of core might require only 8K if coded in assembler language."

"Iack of com-

88 if coded in assembler insquage." The real problem it lack of compribility between assembler-based hard-control of the control of the con

Reading Ferguson's avowals of loyalty to IBM in the face of IBM's callous disregard for his problems made me re-discover a fact that has been apparent for discover a fact that has seen apparent for many years: IBM users who accept the "facts of life" dictated by IBM – as if they were hearing the Sermon on the Mount – deserve everything IBM gives

As for me, I'm looking hard at the Burroughs B1700, What I see there is an Burroughs B1700, what I see there is an honest and exciting attempt to solve some of my problems as a small system user – particularly with regard to han-dling widely diverse programming lan-guages with optimum efficiency in each

There is no doubt in my mind that the Burroughs concept of a "virtual machine" – like the concept of virtual memory Burroughs introduced in 1960 – will eventually be "discovered" by IBM, probably about 1976 or so, when it can no longer deny its existence.

Van B. Thompson, Manager

Project 500 St. Peter, Minn.

#### Indicate Object Coding

In your description of Capex Corp's Optimizer package [CW, Special Report, June 28], the general statement regarding the Perform statement is not valid. The the Perform statement is not valid. The statement "every procedural para-graph ends with a dummy branch." does not apply universally to all Cobol compilers. Since each vendor or software house will hopefully generate object coding which will optimize a verb in the source coding, the writer should indicate the Cobol object coding to be run with the package.

In the future when discussing any soft-ware which operates on other software, please indicate which software was used as test data and the software it will

1.Z. Nitzberg, CDP Director, MIS

Secaucus, N.J.

The original comment might have been better if it said "procedural paragraphs cited by a Perform statement ... end ... with a dummy branch ... "Capex" to Quimizer is designed for use on OS/360 Cobol "F," and ANS Cobol Version 2 and 3. Ed.

#### Here Are Achievements to Make a DP School Proud

The Computer Processing Institute in East Hartford, Conn.

is one of the school have had some of the selling texted that part of the Furr Challenge Cuptures and the Furr Challenge Cuptures and the Furr Challenge Cuptures and the Furr Challenge Cuptures Cuptures Captures Ca

I was delighted because I found at least five major items worthy of being called real achievements, giving honor to the school and to the data processing profession.

The entry requirements, for instance were also aimed at the achievement pattern of the PAT

test - the The Taylor

one part were were re-flected in the achieveother parts of the tests. The idea t o check that student rec-



ords were believes to be a pattern of suc-

cess.

It is not surprising that the school has taken this approach. Dr. Harold Bingham, who is responsible for admissions, has been in education for over 40 years and has brought to data processing an understanding of how schools and universities really look at examinations.

#### Better Appreciation

A study of the way people pass the test may well give us a better appreciation of what is needed than we currently have. By

siderably further than merely dealing with comparative ratios. He has, for instance, instituted a full refund probationary period. If the results of the test a student takes in class on the first

dent takes in class on the first morning do not agree with test results prior to entering the school, he will be put on probation. This probation period can last up to six weeks. If his work is not approaching standard, then the school will tell him it does not think he is suitable material — and will give him a full refund!

full refund!

full refund!
Even though he has received six weeks of classes!
So there are two things the school is doing which I do not think are normal practice. I think both of these are well worth considering by the judges of the Furr Challenge Cup Con-

#### Simulated Companies

In the classroom, I also found a very helpful innovation. About 18 months ago, Joyce Rabinoff, an instructor, initiated a pro-gram in her classes which has since spread to other classes in

the scnool.

The program sets up a few "companies," which have officers, such as the president, the auditor, manager, the programmers, etc., and they compete with other companies to perform various tasks.

Her idea was to bring an under-standing of the typical organiza-tional conflicts that occur in real

tional conflicts that occur in real DP installations. These are not normally familiar to the stu-dents. Judging by the conversa-tion I had with some of the students, I think she is succeed-ing, and succeeding without dis-turbing the routine work of all the students. That is another real ent for which I can re-

achievement for which I can re-spect the institute.

These are, of course, items which help the DP students. But our DP schools have greater duties than to their students. duties than to their students. They also owe some duty to our profession. They are a part of the DP professional community, and therefore like ourselves, they are bound to be interested in the maintenance of the professional contract of the profess

in the maintenance of the pro-fessional image.

Many people and institutions say they are interested - but Computer Processing Institute is one of the comparatively few schools that can honestly say it has put its money where its

#### Saving Stranded Students

One example of its actions One example of its actions come about a year ago when one of the other DP schools in the Hartford area (one of a chain of schools, incidentally), suddenly occlapsed. With this all too frequent occurrence there are accounts receivable which may, or may not, be able to be colectable, and some very hurt students and staff of the property of the proper

There are also liable to be some

also trying to prevent such oc-currences in the future.

currences in the future.
Computer Processing Institute
was approached by the state last
year about such an instance. Its
reaction was to take on the stureaction was to take on the stu-dents and help them complete their courses. In fact, it did more. It put them through, on an average, double the length of an average, double the length of time they were due under their original contracts, because it felt they should go through a com-plete course rather than try to

make do with two half courses. The school did this for the The school did this for the accounts receivable only. In my opinion it must have suffered a considerable loss. But in doing it the school certainly helped the name of the DP profession. I think that is another reason why the judges will have to take Computer Processing Institute Computer Processing Institute very seriously as a candidate for the Furr Challenge Cup.

Nor is that the end of the school's involvement in com-

munity matters. There is a wider community we are all interested in - the society at large - where the school has also been active. Here it has realized that there Here it has realized that there are many people who for physical, or other reasons, need rehabilitation. They have served the country at home and overseas, and now look to the country to help them in their time of need.

Working with the Valence and the service of the country to help them in their time of need.

time of need.

Working with the Veterans Administration, Computer Processing Institute, has admitted into classes in the past year many temporarily or permanently disabled weterans. It has treated them just like the other irate state officials trying to see treated them just like the other what can be done, and hopefully students (except for watching

2841's

out for some of their special needs) and has helped in many cases ease their way back into society as valuable citizens. In some cases it has been able to see them develop and earn their own living.

This has not been done on a token scale. In some cases classes have consisted of up to 25% handicapped students. There have been problems but the school has persevered, and has helped society.

There are items, of course, about the school which bring some criticism. David S. Shefrin, the president, himself a member of the Society of Certified Data or the Society of Certified Data Processors, is well aware of these items but I believe he is willing and able to respond construc-tively to criticisms. He has already received some of these criticisms, and I am pleased to say, taken action.

say, taken action.

But, 1 believe that if every school in the country was as good as the Computer Processing Institute we would have little worry about whether DP school could hurt the image of our presion. Instead we would be trying to see whether or not the profession was living up to the standard provided by DP

And, you know, that is just how it should be! Schools should lead in professionalism.

Should fead in protessionalism.

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#### The Professional's Viewpoint

#### EDP Auditors Vote for CDP as Well as CPA Certificate

from professionals on the recent discus-sion of qualifications for a CPA-like certificate - and, in particular, whether a CDP or CPA certificate, or both, are required for individuals giving such cer-

Two of these comments, from indivi-duals with both qualifications, follow.

#### EDP Role Broader?

"The points made in The Taylor Report, 'Who Is The Ideal EDP Auditor — a CPA, CDP or Both?' [CW, June 7], were meaningful, in particular the statement that

The purpose of the audit function is to help management evaluate the effective-ness of the operation of the company and to ensure that effective controls are being

rically, the mechanism through which this was done was by interpreting

financial records of the company, check-ing to see that these records were in order and that adequate controls were being applied. The function of the auditor was further expanded by performing manage-ment or operational time continue.

ment or operational-type audits.
"Webster defines an auditor to be '1.
one that hears or listens, 2. one author-

The Professional Vlewpoint Page is prepared by the editors of Computerworld in conjunction with the Society of Certified Data Processors.

ized to examine and verify accounts; 3. one that audits a course of study.' He also defines the term audit in several ways, e.g., 'a methodical examination and rec.g., view, to examine with intent to verify, a formal or official examination and verifi-

cation of an account book."
"Note that on the one hand he ties the function of auditing to the 'books of account' and, on the other hand, leaves it

"I submit that the EDP auditor's role is considerably broader than the traditional auditor's relationship to the books of

"We should not identify the term auditor in the generally accepted conno-tation as related to books of account, but rather in the more dynamic concept as part of the management team. Auditors should represent the analytical and inter-rogational extension of management from

rogational extension of a systems viewpoint.

a systems viewpoint.

"Because of the significance of the EDP operation, the EDP auditor should conoperation, the EDP auditor should conoperation by the statification of the systems." operation, the EDP auditor should con-stantly play the 'devil's advocate' for management, challenge the justification for doing things a certain way, and assure that management awareness exists as part of the operational environment.

aps the EDP auditor should be called a systems auditor, since his role encompasses more than just the EDP

operation.
"Taking this a step further, one might sak, Just how broad is the function of the EDP auditor? My answer is, 'As broad as necessary to ensure the effectiveness of

necessary to ensure the effectiveness of information flow through the company. "The EDP auditor should sak the question, 'Since management's function is to make decisions, is the information on which those decisions are based accurate and adequate for that purpose?" "Management must feel confident of the bases of its decisions and as an extension of management, the auditor must for

the best of his ability provide that sup-

#### CDP Valuable

"If one takes a cue from the Taylor article what kind of background must the EDP auditor have? I concur that while EDP auditor have? I concur that while being a CPA provides a basis of authority for visible financial control, it provides little basis for commenting on the EDP system operation and related controls. "An effective EDP auditor parallels the domain of the systems analyst but oper-ates primarily in the post implementation environment."

"The difference is that his role is not an interpretive one (i.e., defining and implementing customer requirements) but rather one of probing and testing to evaluate the effectiveness of the system operation. The effectiveness of the EDP ditor is dependent on his background

suditor is dependent on his background and how good he is as an analyst.

"Combined with an inquiring mind he must apply his expertise as a programmer, systems analyst, operational manager or whatever. I would expect that broadness of exposure in most of the EDP disciplines combined with a depth of experience in several of these grees, plus the pines combined with a depth of experi-ence in several of these areas, plus the inquiring mind, plus an understanding of the management philosophy would pro-vide the optimum EDP auditor.

"Having a CDP does not guarantee any f this just as a CPA certificate doesn't misrantee that an accountant is m ctive than one who hasn't achie It does, however, represent a level of achievement and to that extent assures at least a certain level of DP knowledge." -Howard Friedman, CDP, Los Angeles

#### Calif Who Shall Audit?

"Who audits - data processor, internal uditor, independent auditor or conauditor, independent auditor or con-sultant? The answer depends upon the

sultant? The answer depends upon the nature of the workload, site and complexity of the EDF installation and svalide expertise. To routine audit controls should be designed into the EDF computer and application systems or else exercised by the DF organization. Suppliementary non-routine audit is should be performed by the internal (EDF) auditor in a larger companization or EDF or MASS performed by the internal (EDP) auditor in a larger organization or EDP or MAS (Management Advisory Services) con-sultant in a smaller installation which cannot justify a full-time internal (EDP)

"What about third-party certification of EDP outputs? — So far, only independent audit firms (of CPAs, as an outgrowth of their traditional certification of financia statements) have received with public acceptance in this area. The tance in this area. The data processor, internal auditor and consultant are lacking in one or more of the pre-requisites for third-party certification. The prerequisites referred to are public acceptance, independence, sudit com-petence, accounting competence and EDP

competence.

"EDP Auditor – CDP or CPA? – The
prerequisites for an EDP auditor performing the array of audits described above
would necessitate expertise in auditing,
accounting and data processing. Consequently, both CPA and CDP certificates
would be desirable."—Stuart Tyrnaucc
CPA, CDP, Founder, EDP Auditors Associetion.

#### Effective data systems have communications built in. Not built on.



Since most computers are linked to other computers through the telephone network, and send and receive data that way, it makes sense to involve telephone people early in the planning of your system.

And it can save you time and

Because a Bell System data specialist knows the latest developments in data communications, he'll assist in selecting the communica-

tions services that will enable your system to work most effectively. So when you first begin to make new data plans, call your

money.

local Bell Company Communications Consultant. He'll come to talk with you.

And it won't cost you a cent.

We are continually looking for new ways to improve our

This time, by helping you plan your data communications. AT&T and your local Bell Company.



#### Page 11 SOFTWARE SERVICES Computerwords

#### Random Notes

#### Mini-Biz' Applications

Adapted to Run on \$/3
ENGLEWOOD, Colo. — A package of business applications originally intended for minicomputers, Mini-Biz, will be minicomputers, Mini-Biz, will be available for IBM System 3 CPUs by the end of the year, according to the devel-oper, Computing Corp. International (CCI)

The package includes billing, inventory control, accounts payable and receivable, payroll and financial reporting.

Mini-Biz also includes a generalized Mini-Biz also includes a generatized RPG, a sort, data base set up, mainte-nance and analyzer routines and a library of CALLable disk file handling subrou-tines. CCI provides tailoring to fit user needs, so prices are negotiable, a spokes-man said from 3385 South Bannock St.,

#### 'Text' Processing Added to UTS For Xerox Sigme 6, 7 or 9 CPUs

EL SEGUNDO, Calif. – Text processing for typists working at terminals linked to Xerox Sigma 6, 7 or 9 CPUs is now possible with the Text software package that operates under the Universal TimoSharing System (UTS). As with similar programs, Text supports creation, editing and printing operations related to docu-

ments.

The Text system retains the typist's work, with all corrections, revisions and formatting instructions, in main memory, to generate the desired document on demand. The package is free to Xerox

#### Merchants Gein POS Support With Links to NCR Centers

DAYTON, Ohio - Point-of-sale data capture and rapid analysis are available to small retailers equipped with NCR 280 data terminals and an NCR 723 data collector, through a service provided by the NCR data centers.

The data collector stores information on mag tape until polled by the center by phone. "Flash" sales reports are then prepared and transmitted to the store by data line or by facsimile copier.

#### Time-Sharers Can 'Gossip'

BOWIE, Md. - Gossip, an interactive information retrieval system, that can perform permutations and other mathestical operations on data fileds, and nerate reports according to user speci-ations, is now available to users in the Mid-Atlantic area, through the time-shared, H-635-based facilities of Keith

e software is also available for installation on users' in-bouse equipment, the company said. It can be reached through P.O. Box 590, 20715.

#### Special Languages to Multiply: Sammet

CAMBRIDGE, Mass. — As long as people mipy developing languages, as long as they want something tallored exactly to their needs and as long as they find pickyune faults with existing languages, the proliferation of high-level ganguages will continue into the foreseable future, according to the continue into the foreseable future, according to the continue into the foreseable future, according to the comparing the continue of th

tion areas," she noted.

Within the latter definition, she included all programming languages "except those specifically intended for mathe-

matical computations (both numeric and non-numeric), business DP, string and list processing or any combination of these exclusions. The excluded categories, the said, and the computation of the computat

#### Isam Replacement Saves Space, Time

Of the CW Staff
HACIENDA HEIGHTS, Calif. - IBM HACIENDA HEIGHTS, Cain. – IBM 360 users currently working with Indexed Sequential (Isam) files may get more records in available disk space, gain faster updating and retrieval and cut the core space needed for the control software, if they reorganize their files, with The Access Method (TAM) from International

Management Services (1MS) TAM uses techniques which eliminate overflow linkage, so that file additions and retrievals are handled faster. In addition, IMS claimed that TAM will reduce most Isam users' disk storage require-ments by 20% to 40%, and takes 1K less core than Isam software.

#### Fewer Reorganizations

TAM supports files on 2311, 2314 or 3330 disk drives. It handles variable blocked and spanned records, with all blocking and spanning occurring within TAM, transparent to the user. This is said to leave according and to leave in the second to the second rocessing and to lessen the sent file reorganizations. to improve prof a TAM file is properly set up, the company said, it is possible to avoid reorganization until the file nearly ex-

ceeds the disk area assigned to it. The file will retain the optimum processing speed despite the lack of reorganization,

aespite the lack of reorganization, TAM is said to support Rotational Posi-tion Sensing for the 3330. It also com-pensates for disk errors encountered during a file load, by flagging the bad track and proceeding to the next one to continue processing.

Described as an improved version of the DFTTO (track overflow) Type III pack-age previously distributed by IBM, TAM

includes file load, backup and print utili-ties, and high-level language subroutine

generation programs
Each time an indexed file is accessed,
TAM updates internal statistics including
the number of records loaded, added or
deleted, total tracks used and remaining,
and the estimated number of records
which can be added,
TAM is available on a three-year lesse
for \$7,500 or \$500 fm. IMS is at 21-38
Salto Drive, 91745.

#### Control Program Eases Disk Use, Multiprogramming on Singer Ten

CHICAGO - Users of the Singer System Ten CPU can gain enhanced multipro-gramming capabilities and more flexible operations through an on-line real-time operating system called the Central/Control Executive (C/CE) from Tech-Systems

Use of an operating system runs counter to the concept of the System Ten which is built around a series of hardwired

partitions each capable of working with

partitions exect capacit of working white only certain I/O devices.

C/CE provides disk drive independence, allowing the user to transfer disk packs from one drive to another, for convenience or in case of drive failure. In addition, a "page in/page out" feature allows jobs to be interrupted for higher priority runs, then resum

Other routines within C/CE prev unauthorized use of the system or sp fied parts of it, and support backsp and error-retry for terminals.

#### IBM 2780 Emulated on PDP-11

EUGENE, Ore. — All standard features of the IBM 2780 terminal, plus some facilities unavailable in the IBM unit, can be provided on a DEC PDP-11/20 CPU, with an emulator package recently re-leased by Oregon Research Institute

(ORI).

(ORI). Requiring no more than 8K storage and operating under DEC's DOS, the package supports transparent or non-transparent Ebodic character transmission, 2- and 4-wire operation, blank suppression in input and other normal 2780 capabilities. Beyond that, however, it also provides support for the programmable real-time clock in the DEC processor. Cyclic Rediction 1000 processors of the programmable support for the programmable real-time clock in the DEC processor. Cyclic Re-

dundancy Check (CRC) calculations are handled through software.

In addition, diagnostic logic, with which messages are counted as they are trans-nitted to and from the PDP-11, is part of the emulator.

Working with the programmable realtime clock, the emulator user can inter-

ject interrupts in the processing cycle at At \$1,000, the emulator requires the DP-11DA synchronous line adaptor and either the programmable or normal real-

time clock ORI's computer center can be reached through P.O. Box 3196, 97403.

#### Control System

The package includes Logical I/O Control System (LIOCS) for all types of distiles including those with random, sequential, index-sequential and sequential-linked organization. Terminal I/O support enables the user to run the same or enables the uses different programs.

A macro-assembler with disk-oriented program maintenance, a full set of file program maintenance, a full set of line management utilities and overlay capabilities and a program CALLable sort complete the C/CE package.

C/CE can be purchased for \$4,000 or leased for \$85/mo. Tech-Systems line. is at 2823 North Michigan Ave., 60618.

2613 NORTH THIRD STREET PHDENIX, ARIZONA 85004

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peripheral device. What other system can match this performance? Comput-A-Charge is licensed by Value Computing. DAILY REPORTS: Summary of jobs...idle lims...mulli-programming graph...class utilization...device utiliza-PERIODIC REPORTS: Device utilization...coil feed-back...job cost utilization...sppication utiliza-lion...major application graph...iolate system sum-

mary.

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#### What is it?

When does a large calculator become a minicomputer? And when does a mini become a "general purpose" computer? We'll try to define the mini, and we'll discuss some of the pros and cons of word lengths, byte-oriented machines, micro-programming, core and solid state memories.

#### What can it do in communications?

The Mini can take a great deal of the load off the main processing system, and we'll look at a sampling of dedicated communication applications. We'll also examine the use of minis at remote sites — and the cost changes that can result

#### What can it do in business?

We'll look at what appear to be the best uses of the Mini in business applications. We'll review peripherals available to the business user and take a look at business-oriented software.

#### Is there anything it can't do in industry?

Minis are the greatest industrial tool since humans. They have all the advantages of a machine, with many of the capabilities of a brain. They can do hundreds of jobs that would be impossible for humans, and they make many other jobs economically feasible for the first time. They can't do everything, of course, but their impact on industry can hardly be underestimated. We'll speculate on the mini's industrial future, look at specialized equipment for industrial use, and provide an introduction to the makers of process control equipment.

Computerworld's August 30th Minicomputer Supplement will cover the field — and it will be read by people who use the Mini:

61% of the respondents to a recent Computerworld subscriber survey said their companies currently buy and use minis. Of the remainder, 57% said their companies will be buying minis within a year.

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Closing date: August 11

For further information, call Dawn Silva or Dottie Travis at (617) 332-5606.



#### Page 13 July 26, 1972 COMMUNICATIONS

#### Data Briefs

#### Data Services Adds Coupler To Teleprinter Terminal

MAHWAH, N.J. – Western Union Data Services has added an acoustic coupler model to its 300 KSR exchange data terminal. The unit is a modified version of the GE Terminet 300.

The coupler/modem is compatible with standard Bell telephone handsets and the terminal operates at 110, 150 or 300

The 300 is available in originate-only and originate/answer models for opera-tion with other terminals or a CPU, the company said. The originate-only KSR model costs \$1300, mo while the ASR model costs \$230. The originate/answer feature adds \$2,000 and lower-term lease rates are available. Delivery is 45 days from 16 McRee Drive, 07430.

#### MSI Has Portable Data Unit

COSTA MESA, Calif. — A portable ter-minal that can collect information, store it on an MOS memory and transmit the data to a CPU is available from MSI Data

The Source 1000 includes a 4K memory connected to a hand-held keyboard. Data is entered into the memory in a 4-bit code that is converted to Ascii prior to transmission, the firm said.

When the required data has been entered into the MOS memory, the user attaches the memory box to an acoustic coupler which transmits the information coupler which transmits the information at 1,200 bit/sec, a spokesman said. The Source 1000 terminal costs \$800 and is battery operated, MSI is at 1381 Fischer Ave., 92627.

#### Teleterm Printer Rates Cut

BURLINGTON, Mass. - Computer Devices Inc. has reduced the price of its 1030 Teleterm printer to \$3,200 from

Lease prices have also been reduced. A three-year plan available through Data Dimensions Inc. now costs users \$99/mo compared to the previous \$110/mo, the firm said. Maintenance is provided by the Honeywell field service organization. Computer Devices is at 9 Ray Ave.,

#### Competible Coupler Offered

POMPTON LAKES, N.J. - An acc coupler compatible with the Bell 103A modem, priced at \$99.50, is available rom Tycom Systems Corp.

The Model 920 originate-only coupler operates at rates up to 300 bit/sec. It can be used with any terminal having an EIA RS-232 connector and can operate in full-or half-duplex mode. A carrier detect light is standard on the 920. Delivery is

Tycom Systems is at 750 Hamburg Tpke., 07442.

#### TCA Plans Conference

SAN DIEGO - The Telecommunica-tions Association (TCA) will hold its an-nual conference in San Diego, Calif., from Sept. 26-30. The theme of the conference will be "Telecommunications: A Corpor-

In addition to exhibits by more than 50 vendors, the TCA meeting will include panel discussions on interconnections and the role of the communications manager in controlling corporate networks.

Further information is available from Charles Buxton, TCA president, 50 Beale St., San Francisco, 94119.

#### Voice, Data Combined

#### Computer PBXs Geared to Data Usage

Of the CW Staff

NEW YORK - For most users voice and

NEW YURA — For most users voice and data communications are two separate functions, each requiring special equip-ment. The voice user thinks in terms of PBX switchboards, while the data user deals with terminals, processors, per-

ipherals, etc.

But more and more users are beginning
to look at each area as part of a total
corporate communications need. Already
some users have connected minicomputers to their PBX.

And in Madison, Wis, a computer-like
device installed at the local Bell central
office automatically routes calls by com-

office automatically routes calls by con-necting the user with the most eco-nomical type of circuit.

But these developments are relatively minor when compared to the computer-ized PBXs recently introduced in Europe

by IBM and ITT.

The most elaborate of the new systems is the IBM World Trade 3750, described as an "information switching system." At first glance the 3750 looks more like a first glance the 3750 looks more like a full mainframe than a telephone switching system. It includes a printer keyboard and is said to handle "any data terminal which transmits over a 2-wire line in the audio frequency range." By dialing the proper codes, the data user can transmit to other terminals or access a mainframe system via the 3750, IBM said.

system via the 3750, IBM said.
For data collection, the 3750 can
assemble, check and identify each input
message and store the information on its
attached disk. The information can be
transferred to a CPU via a phone line or
punched paper tape. And with the 3750
connected to a mainframe, pushbutton

paones can be used as inquiry terminals with an audio response system.

The 3750 is an upgraded version of IBM's 2750 which has been available (also in Europe) for some time. The 2750 can support such terminals as the IBM 1050 and 2741 and telephone traffic information can be recorded by a 360 or

710 includes a data-handling subsyster that can handle more peripherals than the IBM 2750 and 3750 systems. While the IBM 3750 includes an association

While the IBM 3750 includes an associated disk, the 710 can handle a 400 line/min printer, a drum expandable from 53K to 852K, a paper tape reader/punch and "IBM-compatible magnetic tape

#### Consultant Lists Drawbacks

NEW YORK — While the capabilities of the computerized PBXs seem attractive to data users, most communications experts believe their introduction in the

U.S. is still several years away.
One consulting firm thet has studied the Independent PBX vendors is Dittberner Associates.

Dittherner Associates.

Even in Europe, communications use of the new PBX systems is still very limited, according to Donald Dittherner, president. "The IBM system is not operating the smount of data usage that had been anticipated." Dittherner sid. "These systems are only meaningful in a data collection mode; and going through the PBX isn't always attractive because the user has to the up a lime dedicated to one terminal, Alice, the software currently realized for community probling is not designed to go through a PBX before it connects a turninal," he

added.

But Dittberner agrees these problems will be overcome. Within two years, at least three companies will spagify the companies of the problems of the order of the companies of the compan

Another European vendor that offers equipment to handle data through a PBX is 1TT.

The ITT 710 system is described as a "processor-controlled system" that provides a complete rapes of vides a complete range of communica-

But some experts think the computerized PBXs are too expensive when compared with conventional switchboards. "A 100-line voice PBX compared with the BM systems would cost about one-fifth as much," one source suggested. The purchase price of the IBM 5750 'Austra at 2556,000 with rentaits beginning at 1526,000 with rentaits beginning at 1500 years and 1500 years at 1500 years at

\$50,000, one expert estimated.

In keeping with its policy of not commenting on unannounced products, an IBM World Trade spokesman said there were "no plans" to introduce the 2750 or 3750 into this country.

Another supplier of computerized PBXs could be AT&T, but a spokesman said the Bell System does not have such a prod-

But desnite the denials, there are s indications the vendors are looking very carefully at the relation of computers and PBXs. One industry source said IBM re-

PBXs. One industry source sain low ic-cently suggested to a potential customer the System 7 could be used to control a large internal telephone system. Also, Philoo-Ford is known to have of-fered a computerized PBX to some of the independent telephone companies, which would lease the system to users.

#### FCC Chief Notes User Complaints Of Bell Interconnection Quality

ANAHEIM, Calif. - The Federal Com-munications Commission has received complaints from users that Bell connecting arrangements are poorly designed, ex-cessively large, prone to failure and ac-tually degrade the telephone service for

subscribers.

This summary of complaints related to interconnection requirements was given by Bernard Strassburg, chief of the FCC's common carrier bureau at the annual meeting of the Utilities Telecommunications Council. Users also complained that connecting arrangements were incorrectly installed because phone company in-stallers were not properly trained, Strass-

burg said.
"The Bell System acknowledges the existence of such problems" but says they issence or such problems" but says they are not representative of the general situa-tion, Strassburg said. AT&T attributes most of the interconnection problems to its efforts to "expedite a new program in large and complex organizations Bell System," he added.

Overall, the existing carriers have been cooperating with FCC interconnection policies and programs, although "at times grudgingly," the bureau chief said.

Strassburg was not so tolerant with the state regulatory commissioners, including the "influential governing hierarchy" of the National Association of Regulatory Commissioners (Naruc) which he charac-terized as the "severest critics" of inter-

connection.

The state regulatory commissioners and Naruc "are by no means representative of the total regulatory community," but their views can significantly affect the future of interconnection, Strassburg said.

"There are those regulators who would turn back the clock to the pre-Carterfone era and undo existing [interconnection] policies and tariffs," Strassburg charged.

The economic objections to present interconnection regulations include claims that the use of non-carrier equipment benefits only the affluent juscis; "Strassburg said. But this type of economic argument has been based 'on generalizations and conclusions generated manufactures but motion than losin and feet in the conclusions.

"No responsible studies have been made or proposed to substantiate any of these shotgun assertions," Strassburg said.

#### **Tester Simplifies Monitoring**

NEWTON, Mass. - Users of Codex nodems can utilize a low-cost test set to nonitor the quality of their high-speed

Called an eye pattern generator, the sevice displays the characteristics of a device displays the characteristics of a data line as an array of eight dots. The user can observe the changing shapes of the dots, or eye pattern, to determine the status of the line, Codex said.

The user can also monitor harmonic distortion, phase jitter, amplitude, hits, white noise and phase hits with the de-

As an example of the changes that can occur to the eye pattern, white noise would cause the eight dots to spread out, phase jitter would appear as arcs and harmonic distortion would cause elipsea on the screen, a spokesman said. The device can operate at 4,800 bit/sec and higher.

The dots in the eye pattern represent the four phases and two samplitudes associated with the signaling points of the modem, he said. The eye pattern generator converts the digital signal of the modem to an analog that can be detected by the oscilloscope, Codex said. Because it can monitor multiple types of line imperfections, the test set replaces several separate metera normally used to monitor line characteristics.

The pattern generator is based on the The dots in the eye pattern represen

ine characteristics.

The pattern generator is based on the "quadrature amplitude" modulation scheme used in Codex modems, and can be installed by the user, the company

The eye pattern generator costs \$450 and must be used with the user's oscillo-scope. The device can be used on both private and dial-up lines and does not interfere with data transmissions, the









# Would you drive a car without a fuel gauge?

#### Probably not

And yet no computer built today can tell the user when he's running out of gas. Not, that is, short of the ingenious device of suddenly disappearing systems response.

Somehow, we don't think much of that idea. We believe computer users should know exactly how effectively (or ineffectively) their systems are being used . . . where the throughput bottlenecks are . . . where the performance inefficiencies lie.



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Data processing expenses can be controlled. Computer utilization can be a science rather than a guessing game.

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#### July Page 15 SYSTEMS PERIPHERALS Computervoid

#### Bits & Pieces

#### Magnetic Entries on Checks Erased With 3M's 'Mice'

ST. PAUL, Min., The 3M Magnetic lak Check Ernser (Mico) can eliminate magnetic entries on checks in less than magnetic entries on checks in less than magnetic entries on checks in less than magnetic and supportation of the control of the control

#### System Produces Paper Tape For Phototypesetting Input

PLAINVIEW, N.Y. - The Varicon 2000 from Varisystems Corp. is designed to produce punched paper tape for input to a phototypesetting system and can be upgraded into a minicomputer-based upgraded into a minicomputer-t Varicomp 3000 system. The basic units of the 2000 inclu

The basic units of the 2000 include a blind, non-counting keyboard and a 60 char./sec paper tape punch, priced at \$2,350. To this can be added a CRT for editing at \$1,700 and a paper tape reader

Varisystems is at 207 Newtown Road,

#### Sierra Adds Wall-Mount Units

BURLINGTON, Mass. – Sierra Re-search Corp. has added three wall-mounted terminals for its 770 system. Designed for industrial applications, the units feature both cards and badge readers and numeric and instruction dis-

Prices range from \$4,285 to \$5,075, the firm said, from 216 Middlesex Tpke., 01803.

Designed to hold up to 1,200 ft. of paper tape, the TRS9300B Reader/Spooler from Electronic Engineering Co. of California, Santa Ans, Calif., reads tape in a standard search/rewind mode at

It can stop on character bidirectionally at 300 char./sec and can be operated manually or by remote control. Price is

Computer investors Group (CIG), Stamford, Conn., disclosed that IBM has approved a 370/I35 equipped with CIG memory as suitable for standard mainte-

All automated drafting systems delivered by Xynetics, Inc., Canoga Park, Calif., after June 1 carry a five-year warranty on the power train, consisting of a platen assembly and X-Y head, at no increase in price, the company said.

#### IBM Pushes Least Preventive Maintenance

By Frank Plasts
on the Cw surf
NEWTON, Mass.— How cw surf
NEWTON, Mass.— How to ward preventive
maintenance (PM) can be illustrated by a quotation from
The throw the control of the control of the control
The

#### Military Usage

This definition will undoubtedly surprise those who learned the term in the context of its military usage. There, PM meant a methodical replacement of parts based on the

PM meant a methodical replacement of parts based on the number of hours in service.

This was done based on the average number of hours the component was expected to lest and, though expensive, was designed to prevent equipment failure before it occurred.

Based on the IBM manuals and the astements of a company spokeman, IBM does not usually follow the policy. Parts are generally not replaced until the device

becomes troublesome.

On the 360/30 CPU, for example, if there are no indications of intermittent or marginal conditions, the PM required is minimal, IBM said. The major items checked on a

scheduled frequency basis include: blowers and filters, CCROSS driver voltage lamps and usage meter accuracy, IBM said.

CLROSS driver voltage lamps and usage meter accuracy. A scope is not commonly used on the CPU unless a problem is detected, the spokesman said. Considering the langely electronic CPU, one would think considering the langely electronic CPU, one would think considerably different. Yet, on the 1463 N1 and 3 the scope is used only to check the timing head disk output in the normal PM routine. The rest of the checking and the considerably different. Yet, on the 1463 N1 and 3 the scope is used only to check the timing head disk output in the normal PM routine. The rest of the checking with the considerably different volume to the considerably such as the considerable volume to the considerable volume to the considerable volume to the volume

users.

IBM did admit there were routine PM procedures that could be done off-line, but indicated the PM would be done better if the entire system were turned over to the engineer. Presumably, this would allow the customer to watch his stack of waiting jobs

#### Use OS, DOS

#### 3330-Type Disk Suits 360s and 370s

STAMFORD, Conn. - IBM 360 users will be able to take advantage of 3330-like data capacity while using modified versions of the familiar OS and DOS software with a disk drive system from Computer Investors Group (CIG) [CW,

June 71.
And when the user decides to get a 370, he will be able to retain the CIG system and attach it to his new computer by changing the disk controller adapters.
The 360 user will be allowed to purchase or rent the disk drives and basic controller and ernt the 350 adapter, which is returnable when the installation is supgrated, CIG and 50.

is upgraded, CIG said.
The 360 30, 40 and 50 vention will run
under OS, with patches supplied by CIG,
or under Extended DOS (Edos). The
Edos package was developed by Tibe
Edos package was developed by Tibe
compared to the compared to the

The system controller adapters for the versions differ in that the 360/65 and up models include a block multiplexer channel. Adapters for the smaller 360s include buffer to reduce the drive transfer rate to the slower throughput of the computer's

The user can adjust the transfer rate to best suit his own configuration of peripherals, CIG added. The 370 version re-

Prices for both 360 versions are plus eight spindles of 3330 storage rents 56,015/mo on a three-year lease or for 56,384/mo on a 24-month lease, and \$228,200 for purchase of an eight-spindle sells for \$303,640.

0 version carries a three-year \$5,280/mo and sells for

price of \$203,000. In contrast, the IBM 3830 controller

nts of the 360/65 and 370

versions will be made in October. The version for the smaller 360s is scheduled for November delivery from 65 Washing-

#### **'Universal' Disk System Offered**

CHERRY HILL, N.J. - Peripherals General Inc. (PGI) has a new single-den-sity magnetic disk drive compatible with the IBM 2314.

The 741 drive, the company said, can be used with PGI's recently announced Model 844 Universal Controller [CW, April 19] allowing any computer system to store data on 2316-type disk packs.

The disk drive is available in either single- or dual-spindle cabinets. The small size of the controller enables it to be included in the same cabinet with a single spindle drive, thus saving floor space, the

ompany said Capacity of a single drive is 29M byte As many as eight drives can be attached to a controller for a system capacity of

23.28 byte, in company state.

The company reditis its use of a linear motor actuator for the increased access speed. A maintenance panel with built-in diagnostic features, such as diagnosis of with the company of th

rence, is included in each drive.

The purchase price of the 741 disk drive is \$9,500 and \$30,000 for the 844 controller. Lease prices for the disk system range from \$1,609 for a 2-spindle system to \$3,524/mo for nine spindles.

Delivery is 30 to 90 days from Cherry Hill Industrial Park, 08003.





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with our new Model 8300 for miloropulers and rambe terminals. It reads up
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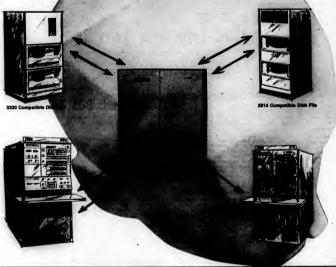
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ANNOUNCES...

# CIGTROL-



	CIGTROL	IBM Controllers	
Feature	Model 6730	Model 2314	Model 3830
2314 Compatible on 360 or 370	Yes	Yes	No
3330 Compatible on 360/65, 67, 75	Yes	No	No.
3330 Compatible on 360/30, 40, and 50	Yes	a. No	No
Price/Performance Features  Rotational Position Sensing  Multiple Requesting	Command Chaining Microprogramming		
ON IBM 360/65, 67, 75	2 Yes Aud IV	Mo A Succession	No &
	The second secon	Company of the latest	Man

# The First Thinking DISK CONTROLLER

- Interfaces 3330 compatible files to 370 and 360/30 and above computers
- 400% price/performance advantage 3330 versus 2314 on 360
- Microprogramming speeds access time
- Plug compatible

#### LETS YOU DECIDE THE DISK FILES YOU'LL NEED FOR YOUR COMPUTING SYSTEM

#### ROTATIONAL POSITION SENSING

 Channel and storage control are not tied up for the entire record search — are available for other operations

#### ALTERABLE MICROPROGRAMMING CONTROL

— Controls and implements all 2314/3330 type functions plus extensive diagnostics

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#### COMMAND CHAINING

— Several files can be accessed with multiple seek commands — microprogram tells systems when ready to transfer data

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Do these features make good sense to you? For immediate action, call Donald Butler, CIG Director of Field Marketing, (203) 359-2100 or contact your local CIG representative and ask him about CIGTROL.

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Company	Phone
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City My present system:	State Zip _

#### Minicomputer-Based Systems Help Doctors Trace Isotopes

Two systems, one each from Digital Equipment Corp. and TC Systems, Inc., use minicomputers to aid the physician in determining the results of medical tests using radioactive substances.

The same principle is employed in both systems — a Gamma camera scans the

systems—a Gamma camera scans the patient to determine the flow of a radio-active isotope through a particular organ. The pattern detected by the camera is recorded using a matrix within the pro-cessor. This matrix is displayed on a CRT and can be stored for future reference by

the physician.

The DBC Gamma-II system in based on a 12k PDP-11/30 and uses a 1.2M-word disk drive to store the results of the tests. Also included in the system are paper tax waded punch, clock, display and the physician construction of the district of the charge. The system can be expanded by the addition of tape drives, disks and communications:

The DEC system can collect and digitize data in five different size matrices. Four matrices can be used to collect data in matrices can be used to collect data in sequential frames, called a dynamic mode, and all five can be used to collect data in the static mode. List mode collec-tion is also available.

Prices for the Gamma-11 system begin at \$50,000 including software.

The Scintillation Data System from TC

The Scintillation Data System from TC Systems, Houston, uses magnetic tape as the primary storage medium for both static and dynamic images.

Two matrices are available, 32 by 32 and 64 by 64 data locations. Preprogrammed image rotation, oscilloscope display with recording cameras and a line printer are featured.

Proc. Proc. 10 of 10

The line printer, an A.B. Dick Videojet, allows the production of "number pic-

The system includes a General Automa-tion SPC-16/50 minicomputer with 12K

16-bit words of memory. Also included are a half-inch mag tape drive, Teletype ASR-33 terminal, CRT display and dual-buffered analog/digital converters. Prices start at \$42,000.



Scintillation Data System stores data magnetic tape.

converters and magnetic tape drives, allowing data to be recorded for processing at a central system is available for about \$15,000. Delivery of the Scintillation system takes 60 to 75 days from 3303 S. Rice Ave.

#### Free-Cursor System Digitizes

ROCKVILLE, Md. - A "free cursor" digitizing system from Computer Equipment Corp. uses a minicomputer to perform a variety of control and processing

Based on a 4K Data General Nova 1210, the Comp-U-Grid system can be provided with electronic grid digitating surfaces in four sizes: 20. by 30-in, 31. by 35-in, 50- by 45-in, 30- by 35-in, 30- by 35 routines include input and output for-matting, error-correction routines, tilt and scale factors, shifts, rotation, inter-polation (smoothing) length and area cal-culations, entry of supplemental coordi-nates and the capture of digitized history

summaries. Applications can either be written by the user in assembly language or by the company at extra cost, the firm said. Slaw rate of the digitizing system is 300 in./sec. Data can be recorded either a point at a time or as a series of points, the

point at a time or as series of points, the company said.
The standard readout device is a Teletype ASR-33 terminal. In addition, the system can be provided with any standard minicomputer peripheral including magnetic or paper tape, printer or CRT. An interface from the company allows a standard keypunch to be used to punch data into card. Data rate is thui timited to 18 char./sec.

chat/(ex.

chat/ex.

chat/ex.

A variation of the system, Cadmac,
offers interactive operation. A "menui"
listing several operation is on the digitaling surface, with each operation propricates the proper liem with the cursor. An
operation is then performed by the procaser, with the output displayed on a
CRT. The Cadmac unit includes a piotre
conser, with the surface of the labble.

Prices of the Comp-U-Grid system
play at \$16,900. Delivery is \$20 to \$6
days from 14616 Southlaws, Lane,
202850.

#### Tektronix Interfaces Suitable for Terminals

DENTEGOR OF ITEMINALS

BEAVERTON, On. - Tektronic has a
series of interfaces to enable its 4002.A
caphic Computer Terminal and 4010

connected of variety of miniscomputers.

The computers include those manufactured by Digital Equipment Corp.,

The 4002A is an interactive graphic and

The 4002A is an interactive graphic and

phanument: CAT terminal equipped

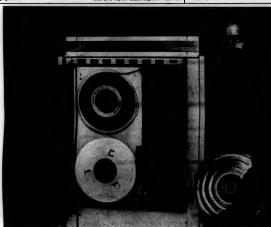
and refreshed displays, It costs \$5,800

plass the interfaces which selfs for solution of the computers o

theid installed.

The 4010 system is a business-oriented CRT terminal with both alphanumeric and graphic capabilities and costs \$4,450 with interface.

Delivery is normally four to eight weeks from P.O. Box 500,97005.



#### HIGH PERFORMANCE, LOW COST, **VACUUM COLUMN TAPE DRIVES**

Now, with WANGCO's three new Mod 1100 tape aystems, you can have the advantages of vacuum column design, with high performance and reliability, at unprecedented low cost.

These new members of lihe Mod 1100 family, wilh 25, 37.5 and 45 ips tape speeds, help meet your system requirements, without compromise, with the economy of packaging, interface and operator controls identical to those of WANGCO's 75 ips Mod 1175.

You can have transfer rates as high as 120,000 bytes per second, with densities up to 800 cpi NRZi and 1600 cpi phase encoded, with full IBM compatibility. If you're involved with COM, doing off-line printing, or using a

computer that requires transitions from NRZI to phase encoded formats, you can have dual-density 800/1800 cpi, switch selectable.

Self-loading vacuum chambers, straight-line tape threading and quick-release hold-down knobs add up to the most convenient operation in the field. Long-life brushless vacuum motors assure reliability and max-

The Mod 1700, at any speed from 25 to 75 lps, is the tape drive for those who prefer vacuum chamber design, and demand the utmost in mechanical and data reliability . at low cost. All WANGCO tape drives are backed by 25 service locations in the United States and 6 in Europe. Write for our new Mod 1100 data package.



#### COMMUNICATIONS

July 26, 1972

Supplement/Page 1

#### Want an Independent Modem? Total System Approach Is Best

"This word compatibility has been overextended. A lot of users have been burned by selecting a com-patible modem which turns out to have a small timing difference that can't be tolerated by the system." Walt Straub

Modems have to be installed in pairs on data communication lines. And when the user selects his equipment he is confronted by a field of over 200 models from more than 50 vendors.

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How then can anyone decide?

As any data user knows, it's not easy, but there are some criteria to help narrow the field.

One of the major considera-tions requires a user to choose between a Bell or an indepen-dently supplied modem. The dentry supplied models. The telephone company makes a point of reminding its customers that it supplies a complete com-munications service which in-

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dealing with independents.

Most of the horror stories have not subsided and the phone company appears determined to meet the challenge of the inde-pendent modem makers with some new offerings.

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Even when he decides to go
independent, the user can't get
far from the phone company
standards. Most independent
suppliers emphasize their Bell
compatibility. A typical independent modem maker will announce his new device is "fully

compatible with the Western Electric 103 data set. But such a phrase may not be as all-encom-passing as the user would like to

"This word compatibility has been overextended," says Walt Straub, data set product mana-ger at Ultronics Systems Corp., a GTE affiliate. "A lot of users have been burned by selecting a compatible modem which turns out to have a small timing differ-ence that can't be tolerated by the system. The relationship the system. The relationship between carrier detect times, dif-ferences in the demodulation process - these things can 'blow your system's mind," Straub your system's mind," Straub said. An independent Bellcompatible data set cannot always talk to another vendor's device, even though they both replace the same AT&T unit.

Admittedly it is difficult for the user to become familiar with a modem before he buys. The

vendor of a data set that costs several hundred dollars cannot provide the prospective custo-mer with the same type of

#### Supplier Support Essential

#### Troubleshooting Feature Needed

#### Self-Sufficient User Prepared

costing several million dollars. How to Determine

But there are some basic steps er can take to determ



Glan Arnold of Telatype Corp. shows potential customer how integrated modem fits inside a Model 35. The data sets are made by Telatype and are avail

whether a modem will fit into his communications network. After obtaining all available infrom the vendor, the user should from the vendor, the user snould ask for a list of users with similar requirements who are operating similar networks. While this sounds rather basic, some straight talk with another user can often save a lot of head-

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In a peripheral-bound system capable of handling a maximum data rate of 3,600 bit/sec, there cata rate or 3,600 bit/sec, there would be no point in installing a 4,800 or 9,600 bit/sec modem, the ICC spokesman said. In such a situation the modem would be "loafing half the time."

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Satisfied Uses

Secondly, the user should be satisfied that the independent supplier can provide the needed maintenance and system support maintenance and system support when problems arise. Although the equipment savings may be impressive with smaller vendors (over 20% compared with Bell rates), the company may not have a man available within an hour or two when problems

One hedge open to the user is effective but more costly. This olves stocking enough spare parts or even an extra modem so that all but the most cata-strophic failures can be over-come with little dependence on outside help.

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user should be more sopnisti-cated than a telephone user. But the independents had no problem in accepting the know-ledge of the user. Of course this also served their own purposes The user that could troubleshoo his own system could often save the independent the cost of dis-patching a service man. Whatever the reason, the user benefitted by having greater control ov his system.

most independent modems have simple trouble lights on their front panels. While some of these light up like multicolored (Continued on Page S/4)

#### Identification-With-Bell Method Used In Grouping Four Classes of Modems

While there are no universal methods to classify independent modems, most users identify the various types according to data transmission characteristics. And each grouping is usually deter-mined by the comparable Bell modem that the independent

modem that the independent type is designed to replace. Based on the identification-with-Bell method, Stephan H. Clark, director of marketing at Intertel Inc., has defined four

Within the 300 bit/sec asynchronous class are Bell System 103A, 103F, 113A, 101C and equivalent independent modems using frequency shift keyed (FSK) modulation for transmis-sion up to 300 baud, Clark says. The most commonly used is the Bell 103A and the indepen-dent equivalents. Since the 103A can be used for full duplex trans-

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The two most important per-formance characteristics of 103-type modems are channel separation and receive level capa-

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A general attitude seems to persist that "anyone can build a 103-type modem," Clark adds, therefore, price should be the main criteria. But, price should

be important only when con-sidered with performance. A classic example is the Bell 113A which has no carrier detect capa-bility yet is promoted as an inex-pensive 103A, he explains.

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The dial-up asynchronous
1,200 bit/sec type of modem is
represented by Bell System's
202C series and independent
FSK medium-speed modems.
Because these are used on dialup lines, the receive signal level
capability is important, Clark
notes

Channel separation for Channel separation for 202C-compatible modems ap-plies only for those units equipped with the low speed, 5 bit/sec reverse channel, since 202Cs operate half duplex (in the forward channel) on dial-up lines, he says.

Carrier detect function is also important for a 202C-type modem, according to Clark. The user should be careful in reviewuser should be careful in feview-ing carrier detect specifications because a few modems use a threshold-type detector which is unsuitable for dial-up line appli-

#### Receiver Filtering

cations he cautions

The most important character-stic of a 202C-type modem is the quality of the receiver filter-ing in terms of its ability to reject out-of-band noise and minimize the effects of amplid delay distortion, Clark says. This is measured by error

Hafortunately many m

out providing the conditions under which the measurement is made, he feels.

Specifications will generally be based on a simulated line since the variability of switched lines

es an error rate specification meaningless. A properly designed modem which exhibits superior performance on a simulated line will generally perform better on an actual circuit, he maintains.

Clark emphasizes a number of operational features for 202C-type modems that concern the modem's ability to provide

modem's ability to provide 202C. These features relate primarily to the terminal odem interface lead, Data Terminal Ready (DTR) and various odes of operation that may be ed via front panel buttons

For example, the Bell 202C allows the user to have DTR "on" and prevent automatic answering, he says.

In making a modem evaluation, the user should review which modes of operation his application requires and verify that the modems being evaluated provide these capabilities, Clark believes. The Bell System 202D repre-sents the 1,800 bit/sec synsents the 1,800 bit/sec syn-chronous private line class of modem, Clark says. Most of the parameters for 202Cs apply to 202Ds with a small modification. Receive level capabilities need not be as wide since private lines do not attenuate the signal

#### Special Report Index

- Supplement/Page 2 - Supplement/Page 4 Modem Choice Tied to Price, Supp Modem Choice Tied to Price, Support
Modem Improvements Slow in Comin
Few Systems Utilize Multiplexers
Front-End Systems Are on the Rise
The 18M 3705 Hes Limitations
Concentrator Are Often Milesbied
Users Find Mints Useful in Data Nats
Front End Comes in Many Varsions
Teletypewriters Set Pace for Terminal - Supplement/Page 5 - Supplement/Page 10 - Supplement/Page 10

Teletypewriters Set Pace for Termina In-House Programs Cut Hardware Co Network Design Celled Complex

- Supplement/Page 11 - Supplement/Page 12 nt/Page 15

#### On Choosing an Independent Modem... It All Comes Down to Price, Support

After all the factors affecting same needs."

Independent modem selection Most users agree an interpresent modern and an analysis of the data user are pince and maintenance surfer to be economically attraction of the common and the properties of the data to be expected using the data of the properties of the data of the da

maintenance in-house, some sup-port charges may continue. But most important is that the end-less monthly rental for phone company data sets no longer has to be tolerated.

Ability to Support Many prospective customers of non-Bell data sets feel it is al-most impossible to systematic-ally evaluate the products of all suppliers. But one criterion that puts a vendor into active conten-tion is the ability to provide service and support. "I want to "I want to know what happens when the installa-tion specialist has gone back to the home office. I don't want to be at the mercy of a company rep that services me and all other customers in a 500-square mile area." — A user

know what happens after the installation specialist has gone back to the home office," one user said. "I don't want to be at user said. "Il don't want to be at the mercy of a company rep that services me and all other custo-mers in a 500-guare mile area." Most of the independent sup-pliers encourage users to stock some spare parts. Many users keep enough circuit boards on hand to rebuild one complete modern if needed. But some or later the user will be faced with a maintenance situation that requires on-site help from the ven

dor.

The modem supplier should help the user pinpoint his problem and solve it as quickly as possible. But often this will many distinct the network possible. But often this will nean digging into the network beyond the operation of the data set. "Only about 10% to 15% of all network problems can be traced to the modern," ac-cording to a pokesman at Inter-national Communications Corp-(ICC). There is a tendency for people to blame a modern, he said.

people to claime is mousely, assid. "To the DP person, the modem
represents the transition to the
unknown world of the telephone
lines. And to the phone company, when it does not supply
the data set, the independent
unit represents the transition to
the unknown world of data processing," he noted.

"The LOC maintanance overson."

cessing," he noted.
When ICC maintenance personnel check the modern and find it functioning correctly, they will check other system equipment if the user agrees. "We don't want the user caught in a finger-pointing situation. Often the local telephone company man will now ing situation. Often the local telephone company man will not be able to find the problem and we will help," the ICC spokes-man said.

But com munications faults not But communications faunts nor caused by ICC modems can lead to a maintenance bill for the customer. The phone companies also reserve the right to charge a user for a trouble call when problems are traced to non-Bell equipment.

One vendor doesn't see these charges as holding back the user.
"The user might get a bill of \$100 to troubleshoot his communications circuit. But the alternative of using his own trial-and-error approach could lead to 12 hours of downtime or more.

12 hours of downtime or more.

Such extended outages cannot
be tolerated by most users and
when allowed to occur, the lost
productive time usually costs
considerably more than the
charge for the service," the
vendor said.

# irca 1975

The consolidation of Raytheon's extensive communications and data handling capability in RDS ... provides a single source capable of offering a complete data processing/data communications system. Proven 700 series Computers, Programmable Terminals, Digital Microwave, Cable and Multiplex Systems are all under one roof.

The need for such communications oriented data processing systems is growing and someday, probably within three years ros, everyone will be doing things that way. But who can althrod to wait for everyone? If you'd rather see 1975 in sourcer than your composition, just call Mr. Deve Calpan Maragor, Communication Systems, (6.17) 762-9265, or write Paythono Date Systems, Dev. DOI. 1415 Providence Torrains, Nemocod, 1455 Providence Torrains, Nemocod, Mr. Systems, Dev. DOI. (2001) Providence Torrains, Nemocod, Mr. Systems, Dev. DOI. (2001) Providence Torrains (2002) Providen

#### WHAT NEXT FOR MCI?

On June 22, 2001. Communications and a30 million worth of the communications and a30 million worth of the communications are spread to lend the communication of the communicatio

# Thinking about a Telecommunications Monitor? CHECK OUT

COMPETITION

EASE OF USE TASK/MASTER Direct interface With ALL High-Level Languages Yes
Complete Operating System Independence Yes
Single Interface With Monitor Yes Applications Independent of Terminal Type ......Yes Data Management for Multi-Threading......Yes EASE OF INSTALLATION 360/370, DOS/OS ..... Response Time Simulator ......Yes On-site Installation Support and Training (3 Weeks) ...... Supervisor independent Multi-threading/Multi-tasking .......Yes Orrelaped Application Program Loading Yes
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Asynchronous (Spooling or Browling) Tasks Yes
Yes Asynchronous (spooling or provising) issess the Message Switching Support Yes Optional Logging of Any Operation Yes Error Recovery from Application Failure Yes CPU Console or Terminal for System Control Yes Dynamic TP Network Redefinition Yes
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#### Want an Independent Modem? **Total System Approach Is Best**

"This word compatibility has been overextended. A lot of users have been burned by selecting a com-patible modem which turns out to have a small timing difference that can't be tolerated by the system." – Walt Straub

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Channel separation for 2020-compatible modems applies only for those units equipped with the low speed, 5 bit/sec reverse channel, since 2020s operate half duplex (in the forward channel) on dial-up lings be zero. lines, he says.

lines, he says.

Carrier detect function is also important for a 202C-type modem, according to Clark. The user should be careful in review. user should be careful in review-ing carrier detect specifications because a few modems use a threshold-type detector which is unsuitable for dial-up line appli-

#### Receiver Filtering

cations, he cautions,

The most important character-istic of a 202C-type modem is the quality of the receiver filter-ing in terms of its ability to ing in terms of its ability to reject out-of-band noise and minimize the effects of ampli-tude and delay distortion, Clark says. This is measured by error

Unfortunately, many mo afacturers specify only the

made he feels.

Specifications will generally be based on a simulated line since the variability of switched lines makes an error rate specificati for swtiched lines virtua virtually

A properly designed modem which exhibits superior perfor-mance on a simulated line will generally perform better on an actual circuit, he maintains.

Clark emphasizes a number of operational features for operational features for 2020-type modems that concern the modem's ability to provide equivalent operation to the Bell 2020. These features relate primarily to the terminal modem interface lead, Data Terminal Ready (DTR) and various modes of operation that may be provided via front panel buttons or multiches.

For example, the Bell 202C allows the user to have DTR "on" and prevent automatic answering, he says: a revent automatic numbers of the property of the proper modem, Clark says. Most of the parameters for 202Cs apply to 202Ds with a small modifica-tion. Receive level capabilities need not be as wide since private

#### Special Report Index

Modem Choice Tied to Price, Support S Modem Improvements Slow in Coming S S Modem Improvements Slow in Coming S S Modem Improvements Slow in Coming S S Modem Improvement S Modem Improvem Modem Choice Tied to Price, Support

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#### On Choosing an Independent Modem... It All Comes Down to Price, Support

support.
"We bought 20 Bell 103
equivalent modems, and the
units paid for themselves in less
than a year," one user said.
Asked how he determined which
wendors he would consider, the
user admitted to a rather unsophisticated approach. "We

mentionance in-nouse, some sup-port charges may continue. But most important is that the end-less monthly rental for phone company data sets no longer has to be tolerated.

Ability to Support

A unity to support

Many prospective customers of non-Bell data sets feel it is almost impossible to systematically evaluate the products of all suppliers. But one criterion that puts a vendor into active contention is the ability to provide service and support. "I want to

"I want to know what happens when the installa-tion specialist has gone back to the home office. I don't want to be at the mercy of a company rep that services me and all other customers in a 500-square mile area." — A user

know what happens after the dor installation specialist has gone back to the home office," one user said. "I don't want to be at less than the said." user said. "I don't want to be at the mercy of a company rep that services me and all other customers in a 500-equare mile stream of the mercy of the stream of the mercy of the stream spare parts. Many users keep enough circuit boards on hand to rebuild one complete modem if needed. But sooner of later the user will be faced with a superior of the stream of the st

of or.

The modem supplier should help the user pispoint his problem and solve it a quickly as meaning the control of the cont

cessing," he noted.

When ICC maintenance personnel check the modem and find it functioning correctly, they will check other system equipment if the user agrees. "We don't with the user caught in a finger-pointing situation. Often the local telephone company man will not be able to find the problem and we will help." the ICC spokes-

man said.

But communications faults not caused by ICC modems can lead to a maintenance bill for the customer. The phone companies also reserve the right to charge a user for a trouble call when problems are traced to non-Bell equipment.

One vendor doesn't see these charges as holding back the user. "The user might get a bill of \$100 to troubleshoot his communications circuit. But the alternative of using his own trial-and-error approach could lead to 12 hours of downtime or more.

Such extended outages cannot be tolerated by most users and when allowed to occur, the lost productive time usually costs considerably more than the charge for the service," the vendor said.

The consolidation of

Raytheon's extensive communications and data handling capability in RDS . . . provides a single source capable of offering a complete data processing/data communications system. Proven 700 series Computers, Programmable Terminals,

Digital Microwave, Cable and Multiplex Systems are all under one roof.

The need for such communications oriented data processing systems is growing and comordey, probably within three years so everyone will be doing things his wey, but who can afford to wait for everyon? If you'd rather see 1975 in soome than your competition, jut call the Deve Capian Menager. Communication Systems, (617) 762-9326, or write Raytheon Data Systems, Det. 2008.

[AST Providence Tumples, Norwood, 1415 Providence P

#### WHAT NEXT FOR MCI?

On June 22, MCI Communica-tions sold \$30 million worth of stock to the public. In eddition, four benks agreed to lend the company enother \$64 million. Thus MCI is peried to build its \$100 million specialized micro-were communications network. weve communications network.
How will McI invest this money?
Where ere its proposed route
soling? Who are its key officers?
Whet's the background behind the
communications cerrier? Whet
was it that MCI told the FCC to
convince it to approve this applications? And just whet ere the propacts for MCI's stock price?

### Thinking about a **Telecommunications Monitor?**

EASE OF USE	TABIQMABIER		
Direct Interface With ALL High-Level Language	os Yes		
Complete Operating System Independence			
Single Interface With Monitor			
Applications independent of Terminal Type			
Data Management for Multi-Threading			
Special Background or Training Required			
System Redefinition at Startup			
Startup and Cycle-down Facilities			
Startup and Cycle-down Facilities			
EASE OF INSTALLATION			
EASE OF INSTALLATION		•	
360/370. DOS/OS	Yes		
Automatic Source-Level Customization			
Application Test Facilities Including System T			
Response Time Simulator			
Off-Line Application Testing			
TP Access Method independence			
On-site Installation Support and Training (3 V	Veeks)Yes		
Off-site installation Support and Training (5 )	10010,		
FACILITIES			
Supervisor Independent Multi-threading/Multi-t			
Complete 'Warm Restart' Without Reprocessing	igYes		
System Accounting Statistics for Files and Te	rminaisres		
Simultaneous Record Update Protection	төө		
Dynamic Core Allocation	Yes		
Overlapped Application Program Loading	Yes		
Task Scheduling by Application Priority	Yes		
Queuing of Read, Write and Unsolicited Mess	ages		
Centralized Access-Methods Support (DAM, S.			
Asynchronous (Spooling or Browsing) Tasks .	Yes		
Message Switching Support	Yes		
Optional Logging of Any Operation			
Error Recovery from Application Failure	Yes		
CPU Console or Terminal for System Control	Yes		
Dynamic TP Network Redefinition	Yes		
Password Protection	Yes		
Complete File and Terminal I-O Overlap	Yes		
Minimal Core Usage	Yes		
COSTS			
Monthly Lease Charge	\$500		
Purchase Price			
Discount to Subsidiary Locations	50%		
Term of Warranty (years)			
Cost of System Updates			
'Starter' System Monthly Lease	\$200		

the TASK/MASTER: a telecommunications monitor



turnkey systems inc.

#### Modem Improvements Seen Tied to DAA Regulations

ments for modems have been predicted for years, the chances

appear alim. One of the biggest obstacles to the inclusion of new features in modems is the continuing indecision on the part of regulatory agencies from the FCC on down to the states. Until the FCC decides whether the Beii Data Actions a transparent (DAA) will recess Arrangement (DAA) will re-main as a permanent fixture, vendors will hesitate to radically

elter their data sets Specific Mo

It is possible that the FCC will in time eliminate the DAA re-quirements and substitute some form of equipment certification.

#### Non-Bell Modems Spot Line Faults

(Continued from Page S/1) Christmas trees, most are truly functional. And fault isolation is usually not as complicated as its name implies.

The usual approach to prob-ems in a data line is very similar to the way the do-it-yourseifers used to troubieshoot their tube-type TV sets.

There are basically three eiements that can be at fauit when a data circuit hangs up or has intermittent problems. The cause can lie in the terminal, in one of the modems or in the line. And when the independent modem user pushes the button on his modem's test panei, he is iooping back the line, or isoiat-ing possible offending elements in the circuit.
The analogy with the TV set is

The analogy with the 1 v set is similar although there are some differences. While the tube in a TV set was replaced with a sub-stitute, the communications element is simply switched out of the circuit to see whether it is causing the trouble. If test data can be transmitted when one device is eliminated, that unit

device is eliminated, that unit may be causing the trouble. While many independent data sets have fault isolation capa-bilities, the user cannot solve all his data troubles via these simple tests. A mong the most difficult problems to pinpoint are the ones that occur in random or intermittent fashion. In such cases sophisticated test generament are needed.

ment are needed.

Nevertheiess, the test features
initiated by the independent
suppliers have allowed the user
to isolate (and sometimes solve)

the problems in his system.

Evidence that Bell is becoming responsive to these diagnostics was included in the recent announcement of the new 208 data set. The 4,800 bit/sec unit features both analog and digital loop-back tests which are switch-selectable by the user at the front panel. In addition, in-dicators tell the operator when the carrier is present, when request-to-send or clear-to-send conditions exist, and when

conditions exist, and when power is on.

While this type of diagnostics seem old hat to independent modem users and vendors, it may mean that Bell will finally allow its customers to perform tests previously reserved for its craftsman and only the more sophisticated of its data users.

ims would mean that a specific type of modem could be certi-fied and approved for use on the telephone network.

Depending on the certification procedures, the modem may weil become an integrated por-tion of the terminal to which it is now connected via cable and

is now connected via case and plug.

There are some low-speed ter-minals with built-in modems.

IBM has for years included its private network line adapters in-side such terminals as the 2741.

And Teletype Corp. offers its teleprinters with built-in

But the higher the modem

speed, the less chance there seems to be of bringing the data set into the terminal. Some users say they want discrete components in a network. This simplifies the isolation of malfunctioning equipment, these users

#### Error Correction

Another valuable addition to data sets would be automatic error correction. Several firms have tried to market error-correcting modems for higher-speed operation only to find the end product was difficult to produce d expensive for the user to

Some experts think error cor-rection in a modem would do little to guard against the most common form of error which is due to some type of degradation in the data line.

in the data line.

When this happens, short periods are encountered during which the user may have very high error rates. It is not feasible high error rates, it is not reasone to build expensive error-cor-recting methods into modems to overcome conditions that occur rather seldom and in a "burst"

one of the few vendors offering error-correcting data sets is Paradyne Corp. The firm has sev-eral modems that perform "error

control" functions at speeds of 4,800 bit/sec on both disl-up and private lines.

Another development that would help prevent data line downtime is the programmable or "smart" modem. With type of device attached to a maifunctioning line, the Cuuld automatically switch terminate of the control of the contr

minals and modems onto a clear circuit with little or no loss of With current modems, so users can manually switch to a backup line when trouble oc-curs. The smart modems would allow a switch to an alternate line to be done automatically.



#### A lot of people have been making Digital has been

We've asked a group of very intelligent people to work on data communications. And data communications only. The DECcomm Group. They · already have communications interfaces, software packages and computers. And there's

#### TDM Versus FDM

#### lultiplexing Costs Based on Volume and Distance

Out of the nearly 700 DP users estimated to have data com-munications networks, only about 7% have multiplexers, according to a recent report by International Data Corp.

International Data Corp.

But more users are considering a multiplexer when it come to optimizing heir networks. "There's only one justification for multiplexing and that's awing mens," all Lyd Bond, president of Timeplex Inc., Norwood, N.J. "The user has to evaluate individual lines with individual modems and

Corporation, Maynard, Mass. 01754.

digital

(617) 897-5111. European headquarters: 81, route de l'Aire, 1211 Geneva 26. Tel: 42 79 50.

compare them with single multi-plexed lines and a single pair of modems," he added. at which a reconsection of the single pair of the single single single single single compared to the single single single equipment is usually undefined. It is probably based in some combination on the number of miles and channels in a particu-lar data network, according to Bond.

#### Not Restricted

"The more miles, the fewer channels are required in order to

make multiplexing feasible,"
Bond said. Contrary to other
network designers, Bond does
not feel that multiplexers are
restricted only to the larger user.
Even on a 100-mile system, the
user can save on only two lines
because he can get greater usage because he can get greater usage from the same facilities, Bond

To understand the trade-offs To understand the trade-offs involved, one must realize there are two types of multiplex-ing – the older Frequency Divi-sion Multiplexing (FDM) and the later Time Division Multiplexing

Multiplexers accept inputs from several distinct terminal sources, transmit the combined input over one telephone line, and at the other end a similar unit again separates the discrete data inputs.

An FDM unit combines the

An FDM unit combines the separate signals by slicing up the bandwidth of a voice-grade (or other) channel and allocating each separate signal to its own portion of the frequency band available. It is clear-that a frequency band can be split just so

many ways and the number of FDM channels on any given type of line is limited.

of line is limited.

The TDM approach is more flexible. Although it does not offer an unlimited number of derived channels, it provides increased flexibility by slicing up the available transmitting capa-bility according to available time

"The use of multiplexing is not chnological decision, it is an (Continued on Page S/7)

#### Modem Tied To Data Speeds

(Continued from Page 1)
to the same extent as dial-up
lines, he adds.
One difference between 202C-

One difference between 2022-and 202D-type modems is trans-mission speed capabilities. Bell-202Ds operate at 1,200 bit/sec on Type 3002 unconditioned lines, 1,400 bit/sec on 3002 C1 conditioned lines and 1,800 bit/ sec on 3002 C2 conditioned

2,400 Bit/Sec Synchronous

The 2,400 bit/sec synchronous modem is represented by the Bell 201A (2000 bit/sec on dial-up lines) and the Bell 201B (2400 bit/sec on C2 conditioned

us defined and the Best All Solidaria and the Be

This type of modem contain

one of two types of equalizer: manual or automatic adaptive. Manual equalizers are imple-mented as "eye pattern" adjust-ments which tend to be qualitaments which tend to be qualita-tive at best, or as adjustments measured by meter reading with meter adjustments preferable due to ease of adjustment.

One measure of the quality of One measure of the quality of automatic adaptive equalizers is initial set up time. In high-speed modems today, this time varies from 100 msec to 10 sec, Clark states. Obviously, a unit that can set up in the shorter time, and operate with the same error rate as a unit with slower set up time, ns a better equalizer, he

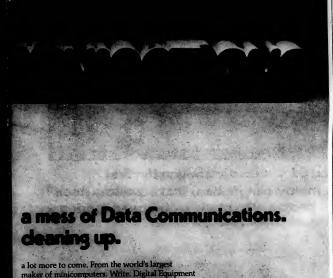
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#### **Multiplexers Can Cut Line Costs**

economic decision," according to James Corliss, Data Pak marketing manager at Data Products. If a user has few drop-offs with basically a point-to-point network, then with a number of high-speed chan-nels he has a natural TDM operation, Corliss said.

Cordina sid.

Most FDM capability is "In the aggregate of 1,800 to 2,400 bityee," total capacity on a three lift voice band, Corlins said. If the user wants to generate 4,400 bityee date, he really doesn't act to use FDM, he added, For example, a user running a hid-speed CRT at 2,400 bit/see should use FDM intend of FDM. but were to the seen of the seen and five low-speed TTVs at 3.5 bit/see, then economically he is better off with FDM. Corlins explained.

then economically he is better off with FDM, Corliss explained. Multi-drop is best for FDM, and that is where the economics really come into play," Corliss said. In networks with low-

play," Corliss said. In networks with low-speed terminals, geographically distri-buted and less than eight to intreac than-per than the said of the said of the said of the Lleyd Bond does not see such clear-cuit distinctions between TDM and FDM tech-nology. Although he readily agrees the choice is tied to the total costs per channel for the user, Bond soes excep-tions to every "rule." Timeplex was one of the first suppliers to challenge the or the first suppliers to challenge the established concept that TDM has to be more expensive on a per channel basis than FDM, he noted. "Every FDM channel except for the

power supply is a complete piece of equipment," Bond said. And even the least expensive systems such as those from Lenkurt will cost the user about \$350, per end per channel, he stated.

#### 'Common Logic'

In contrast, TDM systems use a set of "common logic" which is "reasonably expensive" but still more conomical in the long run. "A 4-channel system from Timeplex costs 5855. And if the user divides that by four, he comes down 2225/channel. And the actual channel modules are only \$115 each, so at \$340 the user is just about at the bestal veen.

the user is just about at the break even price in a point-to-point 4-channel sys-tem," Bond said. But Bond concedes that in certain cases FDM has no viable alternative. "The only has a single terminal at each location in his network. In this case there is no opportunity for the user to share the common logic of a TDM among several channels," he went on. But the minute each location, TDM becomes "very favor-she" compared with FDM.

the user gets more team one teach location, TDM becomes "wey favorable" compared with FDM.

Actually, the choice of multiplexing in part of an overal natwork configuration problem manuscular team of the compared team of

As part of its "sales pitch" the company offers the Data Plan package to give the user a complete cost analysis of several network alternatives. Described as a "topological mapping," the package provides an analysis based on number of nodes, cost/mile, type of multiplexing and other variables that can be incorporated into the data network.



Yes, it does have some strange trouble

(and other data equipment) recognize the relationship between the equipment and the lines, Data Plan links the two in a complete package. And most vendors, if they are objective, must consider the user's network configuration in order to end the best equipment for the

Significantly, few users go directly into s multiplexing scheme. Most operate their network for some time and then consider multiplexing as a kind of second-genera-

#### Paying Too Much

"Many companies are beginning to realize that they are paying too much for their communications networks," according to Terry Weaver, sales manager at Digital Systems Corp. The firm specializes in analyzing the efficiency of projected and existing telecommunications networks. Much of the network optimization is done by a special software system e by a special software system

is done by a special solution called Netset.

The Dartmouth Time Sharing System gradually evolved from serving first a few

#### Multiplexers

Many ramota terminals or circuits, each of which requires its own channel to the CPU

Frequency Division Each channel has its own "data set" pair; guard

provides bands between chennels waste bendwidth so FDM provides fewer channals; lass costly for widely dispersed terminals; less costly for few channels.

work and suggest an economic reconfig-

Time Division One data set pair; very afficient use of bandwidth and

Many remote terminals or circuits no one of which requires its own channal to the CPU

Concentrators

incoming mas-sages declined if output channel is sages accepted (to buffer limits) even if output chennel is busy. busy. Charper but lower in ser-

The major differences between multip chart from Bargland Associates, s comm

schools to many spread over a multistate area. In 1969 when line costs began to become prohibitive, the school asked Digital Systems Corp. to analyze the net-Digital Systems applied its Netset program to the task and the results are considered by many as a classic case

# (Continued on Page S/11)

#### The brand new ITT Asciscope Display. For \$65.00 a month you get a complete computer terminal.

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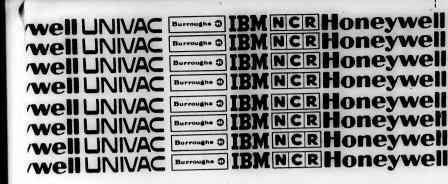
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Burroughs 3	IBM	NCR	Hone	ywell	UN
Burroughs 3	IBM	NCR	Hone	ywell	
			Hone		
Burroughs 🕀	IBM	NCR	Hone	ywell	TIV.
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#### More Functions to Front End

#### Smart Users 'Deemphasize' Host

of computer communications systems, the use of separate systems, the use or separation front-end processors to assume on the rise.

The front-end or program The front-end or program-mable communications pro-cessor has been around for some time. The first innovators with this type of device were prob-ably the time-sharers who real-tized relatively early that the main CPU or "host" computer should be reserved for manula-lating data and not controlling communications inputs.

isting data and not controlling communications inputs. 
"Users want to remove all the communications overhead from their host computer," noted therb Rikelman, marketing manager of communications in Culver (Chickelle, Chickelle, Chi

"When multiple commu tions lines are coming into a central DP site, the user has to service those lines. There may be hundreds of lines, all operating at different speeds, and bits are being transmitted in various formats. And the system has to do parity checking and it has to

assemble bits into consumers, and characters into messages.
"These types of functions deal strictly with communications and they have to be handled before the data gets into the main CPU."
"This of this sounds a bit

While all this sounds a b hectic, it is exactly the type of operations normally handled by a front-end processor.

For the teleprocessing user the communications front end offers some real advantages and cost swrings. "The use of a front end can result in great savings in system cost by removing certain functions from the host computer," according to Jon Gould, director of data communications puter," according to Jon Gould, director of data communications at Interdata Inc. The savings include longer system life schieved by reducing the main CPU memory previously dedicated to communications and this in turn helps increase throughput capability, Gould added.

While the various functions of fronteend processor have often

while the various functions of a front-end processor have often been described, a recent report by the Datapro Research Corp. seems to be among the most

Datapro lists the following 10 Line control which includes the polling of terminals, auto-

e Character and message as-sembly, which includes the for-matting of messages for com-patibility with the requirements of the mainframe.

Data conversion into the "native machine code" of the best CPII!

host CPU. nost CPU.

Data and message editing, which includes data compression and other restructuring schemes for faster transmission.

Error control to keep incomplete messages from reaching the

main processor.

• Message buffering and euing to allow data to be fed the host CPU at a compatible

Message switching, which becomes important when a front end is connected to several main-

frames.

● Message answering including simple replies which do not have to tie up the host system.

● Message recording which be-

Message recording which becomes important when a network failure occurs.
 Statistics recording which includes keeping a record of traffic, errors and other housekeeping functions.
 Any and sometimes all of these functions can be assumed by the front-end processor depending

"Users want to remove all the com-munications overhead from their host computer." – Herb Rikelman

on size, configuration and the many other parameters in a data network.

And if the functions of front-end processor seem almost unlimited, the applications where they can improve network efficiency are also varied. Among the possibilities are the replacement of an existing hard-

replacement or an existing many wired communications con-troller such as the IBM 270X type, or the configuration of a front end in the initial design of a communications network.

To users familiar with the inde dent peripheral enviro ound like the same approach.

To some degree this is correct, but there are major differences. The peripherals are usually plus-to-plug compatible with little impact on the mainframe's operation. But the 270X replacements can give the user a "give for valuable CPU main memory in many cases. How is this possible? The IBM 360/370 systems u

The IBM 360/370 systems use 270X hardware in conjunction with software "access methods." These include the familiar Btam, Qtam, Tcam, etc., which must be run in main memory since the 270X controllers have no large-scale memory of their own. And

(Continued on Page S/13)

#### 3705 Has Its Limits

With the introduction of the IBM 3705, independent suppliers now feel the mainframer has given its stamp of approval to the concept which they pioneered. But the independents are quick to caution the user that the 3705, with its presently available features, has some limitations that can best be overcome by independent front-end systems.

term.

"IBM is now supporting the idea of taking the processing load off the mainframe with their introduction of the 370S," says planed Simoth, president of Intendata Inc. "We are looking forward to follow-on systems bull around a stellate compare." The take proviously relegated to the host computer have been ridiculous in terms of its fundamental power, "he said.

The take Sinnott referred to were related to the MOVIA marketing controllers which used up core; in the MOVIA marketing controllers which used up core; in the said of the said o

in their efforts to move the communications processing out into a front-end minicomputer.

Into a front-end minicomputer.

Relations of Computer Communications to the 3705," Harb aprime example, the 3705 will not support 300 bit/sec terminal devices, he added.

"I agree that the system has some limitations but there is a good reasof or seah," Phil Cleveland of Tempo Computers Inc. stated, "IBM can't support 300 bit/sec terminals with the 3705, except on an REQ, simply because there aren't any IBM terminals that operate at that speed," he noted.

But the 3705 limitations go deeper than just transmitting speed, Cleveland said. Many independent terminals use different codes, communications procedures and terminal functions, he pointed out. "Here the user is getting limit or seas that 18M has difficulty supporting. Things like is getting limit or the season of the supporting that is getting limit or the season of the supporting that is good to be supported to the support of the supp

features that the 370°C can't support, he said. Only control of the said of th



A block of data received in A block of data received in minute by teletypewriter cen be received, stored or retransmitted by a Sykes 2220 EIA (RS232C) and

CCITT-compatible Cessette
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That's because it transmits at 1200 beud asynchronously or 12 times as fast as a teletype mechine, cutting computer time, operator time and 55 seconds of line time. Synchronously, it op-erates et up to 5400 baud

for even greater savings.

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#### **Multiplexers Can Cut Net Costs**

continued from Page S/7
study for multiplexing, Based on the Netset analysis, and the installation of FDM
multiplexers made by Northern Radio
and supplied by Ultronics Corp., the
Kew Computation Center of the
Market Computation Center
Market Computation the line savings, the case for multiplexing

Significantly, Dartmouth had been the Bell Labs test site for the Datrex service Bell Labs test atte for the Datrex service to be offered later by Bell. The Datrex service, later renamed Data Line Concen-rator Service, did not give Dartmouth the flexibility it could get by buying its multiplexers and writing them off. Some of the Datrex features offered during the

of the Datrox features offered during the test period were not included when the service was tariffed, according to Thomas Syma, assistant director at Kiewit. Today the Dartmouth system includes more than 300 terminals, mostly of the owns and maintains with lie own staff, at the course and maintains with lie own staff, at the course and maintains with lie own staff, at the combination of the combination of green the Kiewi combinat

It is now three years since the initial Netset study, and the school has asked Digital Systems to take another look at the time-sharing network to determine whether additional savings are possible,

Byrne said, Timeplex encourages the use of TDM equipment based on its transmitting scheme which it calls characterplexing. scheme which it calls characterplexing. The key to characterplexing is the elimination of start and stop bits from the data transmission, according to Lloyd Bond. "If you know where the character starts and stops, you can 'artificially reintroduce' the dropped bits on the receiving end," Bond said.

nission at 150 or 300 bit/sec, Bond said, the characterplexing method can delete "two bits out of every 10" can delete "two bits out or every act with a 20% savings in transmitted

The transmission method is similar to the data compression used by other ven-dors such as Tally and Data 100, Bond said, He sees an additional benefit in the Thmeplex method because "we sample the data signal and can accept TDM



#### About the Author

ABOUT ING AUTHOR
This special report was prepared by CW
Technical News Editor Ronald A. Frank,
who has been responsible for communications coverage since 1969;
more communications systems for more
than 10 years, including military data
years. He has been a consultant on
computer-related communications probtens and has extramely technical writing
commissions systems. He is a member of
the IEEE.

signals which are "time distorted by as much as 45%."
Signals with this distortion can be re-transmitted with less than 1% distortion, he added. The Timeplexer T-16 is priced he added. The Timeplexer T-16 is priced at about \$3,000 with modem or about \$180/channel for a 16-channel system, Bond said. A comparable all-Bell system with individual modems on each channel would cost about \$350/channel, he esti-

One of the recent developments is a change in AT&T tariffs that will allow multiplexing on wideband private lines. Computer Transmission Corp. has a sys-tem that will multiplex any number of tem that will multiplex any number of synchronous and asynchronous terminals with any combination of data rates up to a maximum total throughput of 2 million bit/sec. For users, the wideband tariff will bit/sec. For users, the wideband tarit will allow the operation of low-, medium- and high-speed terminals simultaneously over a single high-capacity line. But users must have enough data traffic in their system to warrant the higher line costs of wide-band facilities.

#### Most 'Concentrators' Really Front Ends

While the term concentrator is ofen used when referring to data communica-tions equipment, most of the definitions are incorrect. Many definitions include a computer-controlled device which does not fit within the telephone meaning of concentrator, according to one expert.

"A concentrator differs from a multiplexer because it introduces the element of contention into a system," said Lloyd Bond of Timeplex Inc. A concentrator takes 10 terminals and ellows ony six of them to transmit their data over the six

The seventh terminal to contend for the facility will get "busled out," while in a multiplexed system ell 10 terminals can be accommodated, "With a multiplexer system we assume every terminal is 100% used," he noted.

The savings with a multipleer are based on combining the data while the savings in e concentrator are based on the amount of treffic in the system. In effect, the concentrator "headper" that all off the terminals will not be in contention for the available facilities at any one time.

Perhaps the best example of a true concentrator is the switched telephone network. While theoretically all subscribers can access all other subscribers, the system is configured to expect that this situation will never happen at the same

time.

In effect, the subscribers using the system access the available lines on a first-come, first-served basis. A concentrator handles data terminals on the same type of priority soutence.

The devices which operate under computer control are more properly celled front-end processors. They should not be confused with concentrators.

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#### Minicomputer as Network Front End Signaling New Dispersion of Power

While today's front-end processors offer significant advantages to the communications user, many users feel the real potential of this device has not yet been real-

ized.
"The functions of the front-end processor will become more complex, their
price will go down because of increase
utilization and the decreasing price of the
minicomputer," according to Max Beere,
director of telecommunications systems

at Tymshare Inc.

The dispersion of computer power is just beginning, Beere believes, "The mainframes are becoming less sophisticated and doing bulk types of processing," he

said. One of the most significant trends in the evolution of front-end processors is the custom modification of minicomputers to perform specialized communications tasks, Beere noted. The mind that can handle 100 terminals designed on the basis of traffic demand eather than the common of the com

tomorrow, Beere thinks.
While today only the more sophisiteated
communications users are modifying their
minicomputers, Beere believes the approach will become more widespread,
Tymshare has reconfigured the Varian
620 mini into a network front-end device used in the firm's Tymnet communica tions system

tions system.

Called a Tymsat, the mini performs communications functions including the control of remote terminals. (Some have referred to this type of control as Intelligent multiplexing.)

gent multiplexing.)
For innovative users, Tymshare will sell
the Tymsat mini for communications neiworks. Explaining the changes to the
basic 520 design. Beere said: "We put a
ynchronous front end on the mini which
allows us to interface eight simultaneous
tines each up to 9,600 bit/sec. And all
this is included on one logic card, he
added.

added.
"You lose the definition of what a front end is and what a multiplexer is when you look at this type of device," he noted. While it acts as a front end to the main CPU, the Tymast becomes a terminal controller when seen from the other end, he stated. The modified mini can also act as a message-switching device and a line switch, he said.

The Tymsat is "a different breed of cat," and although it is available to users, few have yet indicated an interest because tew have yet indicated an interest because of its advanced concepts, he admitted. A Tymsat would cost about \$40,000 to \$50,000 depending on configuration, Beere estimated, and this would include

Beere estimated, and this would include full systems support. While the Tymand-does not have many full systems support. While the Tymand for the thinks it is till several years off), the modified 620 is already an integral part of the Tymant system. Asked if the Tymant configuration was patterned after any similar devices, Beere said applied many of the principles of the mini-switchers used in the Advanced Research Tojects Agents/ (Arpa) network.

Beere carries the Tymsat concept one step further to apply to the subscriber of tomorrow's time-sharing or computer utility networks. He foresees the user configuring a complete network subsys-tem or node of terminals controlled by one mini which in turn will interconnect with a larger computer resource network.

On think we will see a tremetously contraction of the contraction of

figurations, Beere said.

One communications veteran who agrees on the importance of the mini as a front end is Dan Zatyko, director of data communications at Varian Data Systems. "Probably the granddaddy of the fronterrobably the granddaddy of the front-end processors was the Datanet 30 which was used in early time-sharing systems such as the Dartmouth network," Zatyko

Although the use of the mini as a front end is important, Zatyko sees the front-end function being divided into several subfunctions —"we will see more and more multiple front-end processor sys-tems in the future."

tents in the tuture."

The dual front end gives the user a "fail soft" capability, Zatyko noted, He explained that a dispersal of front-end responsibilities will make it much more unlikely for the user to lose his entire communications function in the event of

The biggest advantage of the multi-mini concept is the flexibility of the user to concept is the flexibility of the user to adapt to a changing communications en-vironment, Zatyko added. He believes that dual processor front-end systems will efficiently operate with shared memories similar to the concept of the Varian V73 system. The recently announced Varian mini has a multiple bus memory system similar to the DEC PDP-11.

"We plan to take over not only com-munications functions but also DP opera-tions in the outboard processor," said Phil Cleveland of Tempo Computers Inc. Repetitive functions such as print opera-tions and sort/merge routines are ineffi-cient in the mainframe and should be moved out to the mini, Cleveland feels.

"Users should be able to move "com-plete functional software assemblies" out into the satellite processor and run such

"I think we will see a tremendously accelerating trend in the use of min computers as front ends to networks or front ends to host computers" Max Beere.

DP operations concurrently with their teleprocessing programs. The outboard processors certainly have the horse-power, the capabilities and the savings to the user in machine cycles and core to assume more and more of the processing load, Cleveland believes.

The minicomputer in combination with communications processing will also help to bring applications, now separated, closer together, "There will be a marriage in the area of industrial control with data communications," according to Daniel Sinnott, president of Interdata Inc.

Monitoring equipment will be installed at remote locations and transmitted to central site mainframes with communications front ends combining the data for input to the main CPU, Sinnott predicted. These systems will have a "hier-archical structure" with large amounts of data communications processing.



#### Users Save by Giving More Functions to Front End

(Continued from Page S/10)
"large scale" is the correct description, for one of the access methods can use from 30K to 50K or more valuable native mainframe core depending on the size of

The independent suppliers disagree on the value of 270X replacement equipment operating in a mode that emulates the IBM hardware. "The emulation approach gives the user a "security blanket" so he doesn't have to drastically change the commitment of the property of the commitment of so he doesn't have to drastically change his communication software organiza-tion," stated Phil Cleveland, manager of systems marketing at Tempo Computers Inc., Fullerton, Calif. With pure emulation there are no changes in the mainframe so there are no

savings in processing time or core storage, Cleveland said. "But when the user breaks Cleveland said. But when the user breaks out of the emulation mode, with the proper software, he can take portions of his operating system that are resident in 360/370 core and move them out into the front-end processor. Such functions as polling and error-correction routines can be moved out," Cleveland said.
While the IBM access methods will not support independent terminals "without extensive software changes," the front-end processor does allow the user to utilize this type of device if the front-end "absorbs" the software differences," Cleveland aid.

Cieveiand mid.

But some vendors see even stronger
constitues with the constituence of the constituence of

developed by his application program.

And this additional software capability is included with front-end processors of the type supplied by Interdata, Gould

said, "The IBM access method and the mainframe are still in operation but we have just "footed it a little," Gould only to the property of the

lation mode, the independent suppliers agree the real savings come to the user who moves his communications functions out of the mainframe and into the front

replaces his IBM 2703 and goes to a 270T system from Tempo, the savings could be from \$2,000 to \$5,000/mo," according

running his system on a 360/50, the savings in core, freed by removing the access method, could forestall a planned mainframe upgrade to a 360/65 or even a 370/155, he added.

370/155, he added.
The release of mainframe core, when
the IBM access method is dumped in
flow of the independent front end can be
significant. "Typically the user can cut
access method oftware residency requirements by one third to three quarters
depending on how he programs the floot
down the companies of the count of the mainframe." Cleveland said.
While Bam can typically consume

while Btam can typically consume about 10K bytes, Qtam or Tcam with their more sophisticated approaches can eat up from 75K to 200K bytes, he estimated. The actual total is usually a

estimated. The actual total is usually a function of the number of communications lines supported in the network. The user planning to expand his teleprocessing capability will often be advised by his 1BM representative to add a larger mainframe. The independents feel they have an important alternative to this ap-proach. And they can offer substantial

An interesting additional benefit to t front-end processor approach is that later memory expansions are less costly. "As a general rule it is cheaper to add memory general rute it is cheaper to add memory to a programmable front end than it is to add core to the mainframe," Cleveland explained. "Typically, Tempo core stor-age is half the price of IBM mainframe core." he said.

An unusual approach to the IBM frontend system was introduced recently by Digital Equipment Corp. The mini maker has chosen the IBM Graphics Access Method (GAM) as a vehicle for its emula-tion scheme. Called the DEC 11D23, the system uses the familiar PDP-11/20 and a hardware interface, the DX11-B, which connects to the multiplexer channel on a 360/370 or the selector channel on a 360. "The typical user for our front-end approach is either out of line addressing capability on his 360 or he has run out of ainframe core on his Model 50 or 65," ted Dave Stackpole, product manager

noted Dave Stackpole, product manager for the 11D23 system.

"This type of user needs to move his network control out to the front end to relieve the pressure on his mainframe, Stackpole said.
With GAM and its limited mainframe.

core requirement of 5K bytes, the user is less vulnerable to software changes since front end acts like a hardware controller, Stackpole said.

The initial DEC system emulates the IBM 2848 CRT controller, but other hardware emulators including the 3705 will be available, he said. "People think of will be available, he said. "People think of GAM as talking to a display, but actually all that is in the application program. The access method is not limited to display devices, but the user's software will have to be changed. And if he goes to GAM he is not limited to one type of device,

"The user can pass a data buffer from the applications software written on the 360, to the DEC network control pro-gram in the PDP-11. One part of the software tells him where to send the data software tells him where to send the data and the other part is the actual data," he

The intelligent software that knows how The intelligent software that knows now to make various types of terminal devices respond is now resident in the front end, Stackpole said. "A pure 2703 emulator doesn't provide this flexibility. All it provides is physical control to the line and the full format of the data is just passed on to the 360," he said.

on to the 300, ne said.

Since the hardware interface is programmable, it can be made to respond to virtually any peripheral on the 360 channel, Stackpole said. The DEC interface can also be programmed to look like a 2703 if "a user really wants to do this type of emulation," he remarked.

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to 10 characters-per-second terminals.

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#### Front-End Configurations Based On User's Mainframe Applications

The best way to classify front-end pro-cessor systems is by the interface methods with the host computer, accord-ing to Jon Gould, director of data com-munications at instructia inc. There-son the computer of the com-processor to a mainfrane and the inter-facing involves both fortware and electro-mechanical considerations, Gould noted. One spreach to communicate deed in the host computer. With the appropriate off-ware packages in the communication processor, independent terminals can be supported without and the com-puter of the computer of the com-traction of the computer of the computer of the com-traction of the computer of the computer of the com-traction of the computer of the com-traction of the computer of the computer of the com-traction of the compu

#### Plug-for-Plug Replacements

The plug-for-plug replacement system connects physically and electrically to the standard host computer channel as though it were a standard peripheral. The



front-end processor emulates a welldefined subset of the dwrice it is replacing. Gould said.

The advantages to this approach are
doller savings without modifying the host
software. For equivalent configurations
of 128 terminals there could be serings of
\$40,000 to \$100,000 when application
1988 2700 control unit worker. Gould

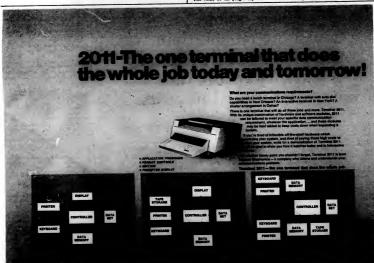
The value of the plug-compatible front

and becomes much more important if the user takes advantage of its power to perform some of the functions that night otherwise be done by the host. For example, the front-and might perform codes and the statistical journaling, Gould stated.
With such techniques, it is estimated. With such techniques, it is estimated to the statistical journaling, Gould stated.
With and the statistical journaling, Gould stated.
With such techniques, it is estimated to the statistical journaling, Gould stated to the statistical journaling, Gould stated to the statistical processor times can be improved since less than the statistical processor in its flexibility and resulting system cost savings. Department of the front and allows the direct countered the number of adaptors and halving the TDM costs, Gould estimated.



Plug-Compatible Processor With TUM:
In this case, the front end performs the
demultiplexing function directly from the
multiplexing function directly from the
multiplexing function directly from
the
system also allows connection of derivacy
for example, computer-based message
for example, computer-based message
concentrators, non-compatible host computers, non-supported terminals and TUM
computer complex by supportion of the computer complex by supporform the computer complex by support
Constitution on PERS [31:5].

(Continued on Page S/15)



#### **But TTYs Still Plentiful**

#### leed for Faster Terminals Leads Users to CRTs

For years the data communications user has thought of the teletypewriter first when selecting his terminal equipment. And there are still more TTYs installed than any other type of terminal. But as users expand their terminal requirements from the basic 10 char./sec electrome-chanical machine, more options are grow-

The initial attempts at teleprinter up-grades have been little more than mirror nages of a teletypewriter, operating at igher speed or with added features.

More recently magnetic tape, upper and lower case characters and faster speeds have been added to the teletypewriter. The product has been tailored more to-ward the needs of the data user, but despite the bells and whistles, it is still the

"As long as a user can get a Model 33
ASR with paper tape for about \$1,000,
there is a big roadblock for suppliers of
other equipment," is how one vendor put
it. The reference to coat is not to be
overlooked. The major reasons users stay
with teletypewitters is that they are low
cost, relatively simple to operate and
relatively reliable.

relatively reliable This is a difficult environment for us to leave. In some ways it is symptomatic of the entire data communications area.

While there is equipment that can oper-ate at 9,600 bit/sec and buffered termi-nals with vant storage capacity can be purchased, the user can only justify higher price equipment if his network moves enough data to warrant a shift to er data speeds.

There are, of course, exceptions. The more sophisticated users such as insur-ance companies have long been operating

nationwide networks, many with remote batch terminals polled automatically by central CPUs during non-business hours. These are high-speed systems that often tax the phone facilities they are using.

tax the phone facilities they are using. But the average data user is not an insurance company. He may have to keep track of 100 sales nationwide in a day, instead of updating 10,000 active insurance accounts each night.

To the smaller user speed is important. He has learned that to rely on the mail system for overnight or even two-day delivery is an invitation to operational suicide. This small user knows he must justify the throughput in his data net-work before he can go to more sophisitcated equipment.

#### Efficiency the Word

But despite the price, many users are selecting faster, more versatile terminals

and many are making the equipment pay for itself. Usually this means replacing people-dependent applications with more

people-dependent applications with more felicient equipments. The department store CRT credit validation system pays for itself by making the about the store of the operator on printing the proper infor

"In the area of TTY upgrades, the 30 char./sec terminals offer some rea



omp III or d firmware

#### Front-End Uses Tied to Mainframe Applications

A core-to-core front-end system is gen-erally reserved for larger systems where fast core cycle time transfer speeds are required. This same approach is used for



ore-to-core system supports high spe connecting low-speed peripherals such as card readers and line printers to a high-

This method is generally restricted to since they are direct memory interfaces, Gould noted. In cases where the machines are from different manufacturers, there is generally a substantial black-box engigenerally a substantial black-box engi-neering requirement for matching internal format and signaling requirements, he added. This type of system should not be more than 500 to 1,000 feet from the emory of the host computer, Gould

This approach includes a psuedo interface wherein the software of the operations of a standard peripheral device such as a magnetic tape, disk or drum

The pseudo-device approach has the communications front end responding to the host computer as a series of magnetic tape units. The obvious advantage is that



Front end imitates I/O peripheral

of softwarc compatibility. This approach becomes more and more attractive when coupled with a host that has a sophisti-cated operating system, Gould said.

cated operating system, Gould said.

These operating systems are generally provided with standard peripheral access methods that allow applications programs to communicate with a wide variety of peripheral devices in a standardized way, and it is desirable to use these methods without modification.

#### Date Link

The use of a data communications link between the host CPU and the front end is illustrated below.



Data Link Processor Connection

In general, the data link will be account plished through common-carrier facilities using modems and other communications vare to effect the connection, Gould hardware to effect the connection, could said, in certain cases, when the front end and the host are in the same room (approximately 1,000 feet from each other), both the front end and host limited distance line adapters may be limited distance line scappers may or used in place of the normal common-carrier link. This is generally less expen-sive and improves the overall system reliability, Gould added. The data link approach is probably the "cleanest" interface between multi-

computer systems, especially where sev-eral manufacturers are involved, Gould believes. The connection generally in-volves standard off-the-shelf data communications interfaces from each vendor. At the same time, the data link method is probably the most expensive since it in-

ports and probably a good deal of redun-dancy, Gould explained. Inter-Computer Peripherals

The inter-computer peripherals method refers to the use of a multi-access, ran-dom storage device such as disk or drum for transferring ring data from the front end to the host computer.

#### Intermediate Storage Configuration

More recently, this method has been used with IBM large core storage (LCS) as the intermediate storage device, when the same vendor was supplying the front end and the mainframe, Gould said.

igured in one of two ways The storage device is dual-accessed and is the only connection between the pro-cessors. Each system interrogates fixed control areas on the device for inform tion transfer instructions, or a high-spee processor-to-processor interrupt line processor-to-processor interrupt and added to provide the inter-computer instructions and command path, Gould

Some of the advantages of this type of system are the elimination of redundant orage, since either system can recover storage, since either system can recover from the file. The system can achieve very high transfer rates when data is available, and it can be supported by standard operating system software.

There are probably hundreds of differ-ent variables to front-end systems, Gould noted, but he believes they are based on one of these five approaches.

#### User Writes Programs

to the communications processor system to the communications processor systems is Modular Computer Systems, Fort Lauderdale, Fla. "We are concentrating on applications where the user wants to buy the communications hardware and develop his own software," according to William L. Arbuckle, director of technical

marketing.

A big advantage of the firm's communications front end is the read-only memory that lets the user microprogram special instructions for teleprocessing mesages. "This year we have extended the instruction set of the Medicana." sages. "This year we have extended the instruction set of the Modcomp III to include a message-processing macroin-struction with options such as testing of special characters and redundancy checks," Arbuckle said.

And because the company supplies mainly communications hardware, the user can get a lower-cost processor if he these the necessary capability to program the CPU. An entry-level system with 4K words and "all of the communications instruction extensions" for the Modeomp III costs about \$14,500, Arbuckle said.

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# Users Must Consider Dial-Up and Private Lines

For many users, designing e data net-work involves complex trade-offs. One set of considerations involves the choice of private lines versus dist-up facilities. There are no hard and fast mode-ciding. The operating characteristics and traffic petterns of the many con-tractions will usually point him to one-man the consideration in the con-traction of the contraction of the con-traction of the con-

right direction. Foremost consideration is cost. While private line rates are usually based on mileage from end to end, long distance dial-up costs are figured on a timed or message unit basis depending on often complicated tariffs. And some dial-up services such as Wats can help to reduce

coats for users.

An additional economic factor may soon become important if AT&T modifies its private line bulk rates as predicted by some observers. These AT&T rates for high-volume private line users are now highest in the major metropolitan areas. But the Bell System apparently is con-

sidering a shift that would make less populated areas, near large cities, higher priced for private line users.

The economic trade-offs often require the assistance of a communications con-sultant to find the lowest cost method.

Probably the most important factors in choosing between private or dial-up lines are related to throughput and geography. are related to infoughput and geographs.

"If the user doesn't transmit data to and
from fixed points, then dial-up lines must
be used," according to Dixon Doll, a
communications consultant.

"In a system with a broadly mixed bese with dispersion in both geographic area and terminal population, the user prob-ably has to use dial-up lines," Doll said.

But dial-up lines also have disadvar But dial-up lines also have disavary-tages. In networks where response time is important, the 15- to 20-second connect time can be prohibitive, Doll noted. In airline reservation systems or business systems where transactions have to be

processed immediately, the private line is usually best, he added. And higher transmission of daleup lines, and higher transmission of daleup lines, and the process of the

Best of Both Worlds

Some users combine the best of both works as the comments. With primary transmission on private line, dal-up facilities are available for bestup at most private line, dal-up facilities are available for bestup at most private line, dal-up facilities are validated for the comment of the line, he explained.

The quality of the lines is also impor-tant, Private lines are usually cleaner than

dial-up facilities. And the user has the added advantage of being able to condi-tion a private line when quality becomes critical, usually et higher transmission Top Data Rates

Maximum transmitting speeds on different types of lines depend very much on the type of facility available. But in general, Doll said users can reach a top data rate of 3,600 to 4,800 bit/sec on dial-up lines while private lines usually can sup-port rates from 7,200 to 9,600 bit/sec. There are, of course, exceptions.

On dial-up lines where the user is not assured of making the same connection each time he dials, a 4,800 bit/sec transmission may work one time and fail on

Most data users begin with disi-up facil-lries until their data volume and needs are determined. Later, as higher data rates and increased volume become important, a private line network may have advan-tages, Doll emphasized.

# Terminals Based on TTY Upgrades

(Continued from Page S/15) tages," according to Dave Beaber, staff consultant at Arthur D. Little. The effectiveness of the higher speed just about doubles the throughput of the terminal,

But 60 char./sec does not necessarily double the output of 30 char./sec ma-chines, Beaber believes. "There is a prac-

chines, Baber belleres. "There is a practical limit from the user's standpoint because 60 char Joec begins to exceed the operator's normal reading speed, he says. And when terminals get into the I have begins to complete the same of the line printer, and the printer as the Centronics unit. "Here the user is middle ground occupied by such printers as the Centronics unit." Here the user is pertiguing to the user of the line printer," Beaber fests. This is the threaded when the printer is sent to the printer, it is the printer in the printer is the printer in the printer in the printer in the printer is the printer in the printer in the printer in the printer is the printer in t

question marks for users. When the use moves from one type of terminal to the other, not only his costs, but the oper-ating characteristics of his communicans system usually change radically

livariably the more sophisticated re-mote batch terminal is a more complimote batch terminal is a more complex cated system, requiring more complex operator procedures. One company that has attempted to bridge this gap in a relatively painless way for the user is

Memoric. The company makes a point of concentrating on common keyboard configuration within its 1200 terminal family. On the lattice of the configuration within its 1200 terminal family. On the lattice of the configuration of the configurat

the buffered 1242 which includes 256 or up to 512 bytes of storage. The 1200 terminal user can further up-grade into magnetic tape cassette capa-bility and keep the same basic type of equipment as his system evolves from an interactive to remote batch environment, Rauche notes.

Bauche notes.

An important part of the Memorex terminal line is the Remote Analysis Center. The entire allows any Memorex to the Control of the Control of

with periodic preventive maintenance calls have helped to reduce downtime on the more than 1,000 Series 1200 ter-minals in the field.

minals in the field.

One of the logical upgrades for the TTY user is the CRT terminal. But this type of device raises new problems, the most important being the absence of a native hard-copy capability with the CRT. There has been a tendency to tie a printing capability to a CRT but one capability to a CRT but one of add-on printer "strictly artificial."

The main utility of the CRT terminal.

ain utility of the CRT terminal The m

The main utility of the CRT terminal, that of instant display, is being over-shadowed by the like the property of the con-traction of the control of the control of the con-pleter have found the best way to include a reliable printer with a CRT capability is to build the printer into the vermitter into the transition of the control offers the user con less than \$200/mo.

less than \$200/mo.

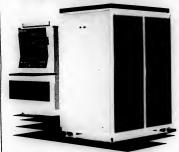
While the addition of cassette storage gives the remote batch terminal an efficient storage medium, some users see the so-called "floppy disk" included in the next generation of intelligent terminals.

next generation of intelligent terminals, the primary advantage in that the disk can include a random access capability while the cassiter must be accessed one-with the case that the case of the cas

The approach of the Sanders Can-Do system — which allows the user to add features to the basic terminal unit — may be the system of the future, Beaber says. Another promising approach, he finds, is the IBM 3735 terminal, which allows the 360/370 to do the programming for the remote terminal and then "transmits the program via the phone line to the terminal."

terminal."
The opposite approach of building up a terminal software capability is used by Syor. It supports spooling packages such as Hasp and recently developed a combite terminal aniquage to allow programming at the properties of the combination of the combi

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# Vt. Gets Tough With Drunk Drivers, Builds Data Base

BURLINGTON, Vt. - Somewhere in Vermont, possibly at this very moment, a problem drinker is being pulled off the road, the latest in a long column of statistics - with one exception, Information about this particular than the result of the result of the result of the result of Vermont campus and become part of Project Crash, and become part of Project Crash, and operational demonstration pro-gram designed to remove drunk drivers from the state's high-

Data on the impaired driver goes into building a computer-ized vehicle operator file which staff members of Project Crash

can analyze on demand. The in-formation is stored in a large-scale computer some 30 miles away; Project Crash headquarters has immediate access to it through an NCR 260 Thermal

"Delays cannot be tolerated" explained Linda Flowers, chief of research and statistics. "For of research and statistics. For daily operations, we want to be keyed into changes in arrests, injuries, fatalities and convic-tions and to correlate with the tions and to correlate with the base line data. We must be able to monitor any changes that result from our program," she added. Funded by the National High-

way Traffic Safety Administra-tion, as part of the National Alcohol Safety Action Program (Asap), Project Crash (Counter-measures Related to Alcohol Safety on the Highways) has been implemented in six Ver-mont counties, which house slightly less than 30% of the signtly less than 50% of the state's population and account for a proportionate number of drunk driving accidents and arrests. The remaining counties

Because the program has neither the personnel nor the facilities to maintain records on a current basis, Project Crash became a part of a communica-

tions network linking a variety of data terminals to a multi-purpose time-sharing computer in the university's Academic Computing Center. The computer enables Project Crash to store and analyze different types of information.

"Ours is not the kind of opera-tion that needs specific informa-tion on a schedule basis," Flowers pointed out. "When the director needs a particular table or fact, he wants it now," she

For example, when conducting seminars for judges and state's attorneys, the staff needs to

Simply, the terminal, a printer Simply, the terminal, a printer that generates 30 char,/sec, is an economic and convenient method of making use of a large-scale computer. On-line to the system, it also offers a dynamic means of obtaining infor-

Compact and quiet, the termi-nal sits on a desk in an office occupied by several people. Yet, because printing occurs from heat transfer rather than impact of keys against an ink ribbon the printer does not disturb others printer does in the room.

### College Center **Gives Students** Top Priority

TAMPA, Fla. - Hillsborough Community College was created to serve the community's educa-tional needs.

In that same respect, Thomas In that same respect, Thomas Tyree, director of data process-ing, feels the goal of his opera-tion, built around a Univac 9400 computer, is to "serve the student."

In only its fourth year, enroll-ment at the college has reached 7,400 with predictions of 10,000 within five years and an ultimate top of 20,000 to

ultimate top of 20,000 to altimate top of 20,000 to The comparier operation is even younger. The 9400 was installed last September and shout half of the computer time each student usage in one form or another. And Tyree expects this togrow, just as he expects the yeare mad its role in the affairs. About 150 students per semester are directly involved with the computer. Most are taking one required part of the curriculum. These include students in muclear medicine, police science, food and todging management coience and electronics students are using computer courses as reading to the curriculum care and electronics students are using comparing management and the curriculum control of the curriculum. are using computer courses as

And there is a certain group which is "looking to see if com-puter programming is their bag," Tyree added. "We turn out about six to eight programmers a

### **Turnaround Time**

One of the big advantages to students of an on-campus computer center is quick turnaround time. "Before we got our own computer, it usually took two to three days for students to get results of programs they advantage." Tyree stated. "Now they bring the card decks in they bring the card decks in results. We're working on reduced to the case of the card they bring the card decks in the seales. We're working on reduced the case of the c results. We're working on reduc-

serving the student Besides serving the student directly, the computer center is used in systems design and Im-plementation, payroll, admission and student records, grading, statistical studies, budgeting and

statistical studies, budgeting and mailing labels.

Registration, for instance, is now held five times a year. "I can see within two years where we will have year-round registra-tion and the different campus locations will have to be tied when the computer center." on-line to the computer center, Tyree said.

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# Small Businessman 'Ignored' in Terms of DP Usage

ST. LOUIS - The typical small business has problems that could be solved by using computers, but many manufacturers have not shown the small businessman "how their equipment can solve his specific problems," a recent study has revealed. revealed

A six-month study of 50 businesses here, 43 of which were black-owned, aboved that many of those interviewed application," noted Dr. Robert E. Martind, associate professor of management science at the University of Missouri here. The study of their current "missing problems" we "maintaining adequate records, primarily of tax purposes, "Martindar reported, A "nizeable" manuber reported difficulty in obtaining business information.

### Potential for Computerization

Both of these problem areas "suggested a potential for possible computerization,"
Markland said, "and a number of the

interviewees" indicated they were "presently using a manual accounting system which was not satisfactory."
Markland published his findings in a recent issue of the Journal of Systems Management, the monthly magazine of

## The Small Systems User

the Association for Systems Management

The businessmen expressed "generally favorable" attitudes toward computers, but many expressed "some skeptleism concerning their feasibility," the report

Negative Comments

Typical negative comments on com-puters to cost, time for implementation, job security, start-up funding and reliabil-ity, Markland listed some of the com-

• "As a small businessman, I don't

understand the computer,"

• "I'm too small to afford, let alose
use, computers in my business."

• "A lot of computer systems don't
sov't very well."

wark rote ed."

The report conduided that there was a "high degree of awarenes" by small businessees of the computer's potential. Those interviewed expressed an "scutle concern for the lack of information to the content of the lack of information that a "sizeable potential" for computer usage may cast within the small business community, Markland selvalogment of computerized information systems to fart" smale a careful economic and operations small operations where the computer that the computer was a state of the computer usage may evident to fart. These a careful economic and operations small operations with the computer to the

"whether or not the proposed application will save more than it will cost to de-

will save more than it will cost to de-velop," he commented.

Another factor in small-business plan-ning, must be manpower, specifically whether there is adequate manpower to "successfully utilize the system after it

Accounting and financial applications, he continued, are the "most likely start-

# 2 Packages Ready

Elsewhere in this issue, specifically in the Software and Services section, there are items of interest to small

Two packages are described in that section, both from independent vendors and both suited for general busi-

dors and both suited for general business applications.
One is an operating system for the Singer System Ten; the package gives real-time users more flexibility, according to the vendor. The other package is accusily a modification of Mini-Biz, which can now be used on the IBM System 3.

in opietis of developing computerized systems, but even then, "it is unlike systems, but even then, "it is unlike the may small businessmen" would be "willing to make any financial commitment. ... without first seeing tangible results over a reasonable time period." Assuming successful development and implementation, Markiand said, the small businessmen expressed other seasonable could be snalpyed, uside the, personnal records and inventory control.

### 'Virtually Ignored'

"The small businessman," he concluded, "particularly the small minority business-men, has been virtually ignored in terms

man, has been virtually ignored in terms of computer usage."
Identifying the small businessman's "real problems" and the development of systems at a "reasonable cost" could permit such a person to use computers in business, he said.

business, he said.

More accurate information for decision-making "through computer-oriented management would greatly contribute to the health and growth of the small urban business," he said.

### In-House Education **Helps New Operators** Understand Jaraon

PHILADELPHIA - Day-to-day clerks who become computer operators some-times don't understand computer jargon, but a continuing in-house education pro-gram is solving that problem for one firm, according to Gerry Boyle, DP director for U.S. Cold Storage Corp.

Boyle is currently involved in installing IBM System 3s in the company's 26 warehouses around the country, follow-ing a year's operation here.

Sites start with inventory applications, and then the operators are trained on payroll, accounts receivable and general ledger. Boyle said IBM had bought some of the software he had developed, and that the software could be used by other small offices.

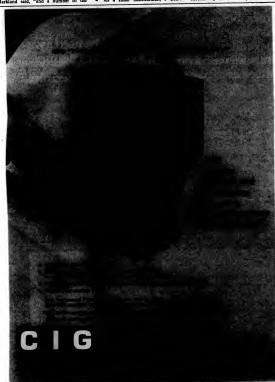
### Few Prob

After initial installation, most of the training problems or routine questions are handled by phone, Boyle said. Problems arise when former clerks must communicate verbally about the new computers, but "we haven't run across a problem yet that couldn't be handled over the phone," he said.

phone," he said.

While there is no direct computer-tocomputer communications now, the company is "looking at" the possibility of
establishing communications with Cold
Storage's parent, American Consumers
Industries, Inc., which has a 360/20, also
in Philadelphia.

Boyle is responsible for the S/3 develop-ment and installation for the Cold Stor-



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# **Key-Disk-Tape Solves Agency Problems**

AUSTIN, Texas - Government agencies face increasing demands for efficiency in their operations as workloads rise, often on tightened budgets. The Railroad Commission of Texas, located

here is no exception.

The Railroad Com The Railroad Commission serves primarily as a regulatory agency for the oil and gas in-dustry. It maintains records on more than 200,000 oil and gas wells that produce about \$4-billion worth of raw products an-

Maintaining production records and calculating "allowables"

(amonts of hydrocarbons per-mitted to be taken from the ground) for the whole state im-pose a heavy data processing load on the Railroad Commisload on the Railroad Commis-sion. Production reports must be made monthly. Allowable sched-ules are issued monthly and some 600 allowable supplements are issued daily. In all, about 285,000 records are susceptible

to change at any time. The agency has fully computerume. But entering data into the computer proved more of a problem than the main process-

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- at least until recently. To we the problem, the Railroad Commission installed a new data entry system, an Inforca 1301 intelligent Key Entry System, it ownsists of eight keystation, at which operators, working independently, enter data from source documents directly into a shared processing and control unit. Data is stored there on a magnetic disk, edited and welfare before the store of the store

the main computer. The Railroad Co. ine Railroad Commission re-placed 10 keypunch machines with the eight keystations of the single Inforex system. In addi-tion, the agency got rid of its

card sorters

card sorters.

Overall savings resulting from these moves run around \$700/mo. Abo, a 20% smile workforce is handling a gradually increasing workload.

The system is known as a keytodisk-to-layed data entry syntem because the shared processor temporarily stores and permit editing of data before its transfer. from disk to tape, ready for

from disk to tape, ready for computer entry. The Railroad Commission has agained greater work flexibility as well as control with its system. The general ratio of operators keying data to operators keying is five to three, but this balance between functions can easily be changed as required without eviliching operators between keyatations.

### 90,000 Students Share Computer

CHICAGO The Northwest Educational Cooperative (NEC), a consortium of eight grade school and two high school districts in suburban Chicago, has selected a Xerox Sigma 6E computer for its member schools. NEC serves 93 elementary schools and nine high schools, with a combined student population of approximately 90,000 as well as some 7,500 full-time and part-time employees.

well as some 7,500 full-time and part-time employees.
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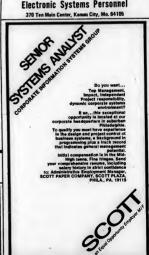
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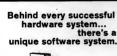
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July 26, 1972

# CI Notes

### Used DP Market Seen Steady

ELMSFORD, N.Y. — "The market for used computers was generally steady during the past quarter," according to a recent report by Time Brokers, Inc. Prices of 360/30s recovered somewhat from the recent report by Time Brokers, Inc. Prices of 360/30s recovered somewhat from the lows early this year, and 360/40 prices are up slightly. The 128K core model is seen as a very attractive alternative" to adding extended core to a 30, the report

risted.
"The 360/30 market demand, created by capacity upgrades from Model 25 and 630/20 sub-model 5s, is very strong. There is a good possibility that this trend will continen," seconding to the report. 65s, "have held relatively stable at their current low prices." A recent flurry of demand for 65s stemmed from order placed by one or two companies, and the "general long-term trend for 55s and 50s of the control of the co

### Office Dealers to Sell Computers

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. - Cascade Data

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich. — Cascade Data Inc. is seeking office equipment dealers as agents for its line of small computers and software programs.

"DP is becoming an important management tool for small businesses. . . . The office equipment dealer serves these small businessmen and knows their needs," observed Frank Masi, Cascade vice-president.

Supershorts Greyhound Computer of Canada Ltd. will market Calcomp tspe and disk drive

systems in Canada.

Potter Instrument Co., Inc. has been awarded patent 3,665,436 for the development of its "Hard Coat" magnetic recording head. The Potter invention involves coating dual-gap magnetic heads with a hard ceramic material on each side of the transducing gaps.

Data General Corp. has delivered its 3,000th minicomputer, a Nova 1200, to Action Communications Systems of Dallas. The computer will control communications for Fruehauf Corp. in its Detroit headquarters.

1/O Devices, Inc. has signed a memoran-dum of understanding with Omron Tateisi Electronics Co. of Japan and its subsidiaries and Marubeal America Corp. under which Omron and Marubeni will invest in I/O Devices and receive rights to manufacture and market I/O's products.

GTE Information Systems has estab-lished its Service Division as a separate corporation which will have headquarters and training operations in Boulder, Colo.

Cybermatics has granted Cable and Wireless Ltd. a license to sell, throughout most of the world outside of North America, Cybermatics' Tin Can telecom-munications software systems as part of

Randolph Computer Corp. has formed Randolph Leasing & Financial Ltd., based in Zurich, Switz., and Randolph Leasing Corp. Ltd., a domestic international sales corporation, which will handle the ex-

# Study Spots Selected Markets

# Mini Shipments to Grow 200% by 1978

NEW YORK - The value of yearly NEW YORK - The value of yearly minicomputer shipments will grow by more than 200% between the end of 1971 and 1978, according to Frost and Sullivan, a computer industry research firm here

The value of the systems shipped during 1971 was \$250 million, the firm said, 1971 was \$250 million, the firm said, predicting this would grow to \$820 million by the end of 1978. In terms of units the firm predicted there would be 150,000 units in use at the end of 1978, up from the 33,000 installed at year-end

In the past year alone, the firm said growth in minicomputer sales accounted for over 80% of the new U.S. computer installations with over 12,000 units

In 1972, the firm predicted shipments would reach over 15,000 units, up 29%.

with a total value of \$315 million, a rise of 22% over the 1971 level. Beyond 1975, the firm said minicom-

Beyond 1975, the firm said minicom-puter industry growth would slow to an annual level of 15% to 18%, but the growth rate would be higher in selected end-user market segments. In communications-related fields, such as communications front ends and con-centrators, remote terminals and message switching. The growth rate will run switching, the growth rate will run

At the same time, the firm said that new rsther than replacement customers are appearing in such applications as on-line, scientific and real-time application areas.

### Industrial Control Market

In the industrial control market, Frost and Sullivan predicted shipments would grow by 164% over the next six years, from the \$108 million in shipments regis-

tered in 1971 to \$285 million in ship-ments expected in 1978. Shipments for 1972 to this market segment were esti-mated at \$130 million, which is expected to rise to \$225 million by 1975, according to the firm.

Page 27

the laboratory instrumentation area in the laboratory instrumentation area the shipments are expected to show a compound growth rate of only 69% over the period, making this market segment one of the slowest growing for present and potential mini makers.

Shipments to the laboratory instrumental manual control of the storage of the storage

and potential mini makers.
Shipments to the laboratory instrumentation field were pegged at \$65 million in 1971 and will be \$10 million by the end of 1978. Shipments for 1972 were put at \$72 million and the shipments are expected to reach \$98 million by the end of

Although scientific, engineering and "Although scientific, engineering and control uses for minicomputers have dominated until now, end-use patterns are changing substantially," the firm stated, predicting that "these initial end uses are expected to account for a smaller part of the overall market by 1978." "Increased shares of the market will go to data handling, data communications and 'other' end uses including business, and 'other' end uses including business,

and 'other' end uses including business, transportation, typesetting, editing, edu-cation and moving vehicles. Assisting these new penetrations will be a continuing downtrend in average minicomputer

costs." These "other" uses of minis accounted for \$41 million worth of shipments in 1971 and are expected to show a staggering 388% growth by the end of 1978, rising to \$200 million in shipments in that year. The 1972 shipments to these users will be valued at \$50 million should will be worth \$117 million by the end of

During this time there will also be an increasing number of peripherals designed expressly for mini systems, the firm said, expressly for mini systems, the IIIm said, predicting the current minicomputer per-iphersis market of \$50 million to \$55 million will grow to about \$350 million by 1978 in shipments. Foreign markets have been and will

continue to be important to the U.S.-based minicomputer manufacturers, the firm said, projecting s 25% growth rate in num saue, projecting s 25% growth rate in foreign sales of mini systems. At the same time, the firm noted that foreign competition was stiffening, especially in Japan, West Germany and The Netherlands.

# lomec Prefers Mini Peripheral Market to Plua-Compatible Fight

of the CW Staff
SOUTHBORO, Mass. — Companies that
compete with IBM in the plug-compatible
peripherals field can have their plans "so
dictated by IBM" that Iomec would
rather market peripherals for the other

### Brooks Attacks FAA Pact With Raytheon As Taxpayer Waste

MASHINGTON, D.C. "Federal Avia-tion Administration purchase of unac-ceptable display equipment from the Raytheon Corp. amounts to little more than beiling out this contractor at the expense of the taxpayers," Rep. Jack Prooks (D-Texas) declared record Prooks (D-Texas) declared record ment Activities Subcommittee which has from the contract of the contract of the contract of the ment Activities Subcommittee which has

made extensive investigations into defi-ciencies in FAA air atrffic control development, charged that the FAA has paid Raytheon \$1.5 million to purchase air traffic control display units that, by a wide margin, failed to meet government specifications.

"Purchase was on an 'as is' basis and was Furchase was on an as is cause and was for the ostensible purpose of reshipment to the Raytheon factory in Massachusetts to establish some type of display testing laboratory," Brooks said.

laboratory," Brooks said.

"Just why the FAA should purchase defective equipment that does not meet government specifications to help furnish a contractor's laboratory is real mystery the Congress must seek to solve," Brooks

the Congress must seek to sown, success the Congress must seek to sown, and "I'm January 1967," according to Brooks, "the Raytheon Corp, was granted at 44 million fixed-poise contract for the production of the

"most common" families of minicom-puters, according to Iomec Inc. chairman Frank Druding.

This is also true for the new Digitronics Division, acquired from Digitronics Corp., as of July I. A majority of the Digitronics Corp. - 68% - was held by North American Philips.

can Philips.

Druding said IBM's competitors are subject to the whims and plans of the industry giant: any time IBM wants to give these firms a "bad time," he said, "IBM can give it. Interviewed at the new Digitronics facil-

# Company Profile

ity here, Druding claimed the acquisition gives lomec a "complete line" of per-ipherals for minicomputers. lomec disk drives, with additional inter-faces in the development stages, plus the

Digitronics printers, magnetic tape trans-ports, punches and data acquisition and communications products, round out the new family of peripherals.

new Ismily of peripherals.

The merged companies, with annual sales of \$15 million to \$20 million, should be profitable in the first year, Druding predicted. The Eastern strength of Digitronics' marketing and field support people, plus the Western strength of lomee, made the merger a "natural," he commented.

The company markets to both OEM and end users, with OEM its stronger area, he

continued.

All disk products will be manufactured
on the West Coast by a new, tentatively
named Data Stor Division.
The combined company now employs
about 170 persons in the Data Stor Divicoast and almost twice as many in Didi-

sion, and almost twice as many in Digi-tronics, which is just entering the produc-tion stage on its Model 200 printer. "Digitronics had everything but disks, and that's where we were very strong," he

said.
While the Digitronics Division had suffered substantial losses in recent years,
the consolidation of marketing, support
and manufacturing should bring profitability to the combined firms, Druding

opined.

lomec is home-based in Santa Clara,



# Flight Teacher

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### \$200 Million to Be Spent

# Western Firms Rule Hungarian Market



The Novar 5-10 Touch Tone Telephone Translator makes it possible to use the millions of Touch Tone phones around the country as remote keyboards for data entry. One has simply to call a Novar data collection station (of which the 5-10 is a part), enter information by using the phone's 12 keys, then sign off by hanging up the phone. A quick, easy, Inexpensive way to a nationwide network.

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By Bohdan O. Szaprowcz
speciał to Computerworld
MUNICH – In all of East
Europe, Hungary and Czechoslovakia are leading in the variety
of Western-, SovietEuropean-produced computers
installed.

installed.

The situation in Hungary never was as bad as that in Czechostovakis (CW, Feb. 23) but became sufficiently serious a few years ago when, in a rush to computerize, equipment was bought indiscriminately from 15 different suppliers in eight dif-

Hungarian computer population at 120 to 160 machines depend-ing on who calls what a com-puter. By discounting some punched card accounting ma-chines, often counted as clar-Today, estimates put the total punched card accounting ma-chines, often counted as elec-tronic computers in East Europe, the lower figure is prob-ably more representative.

60% From West

Among the Hungarian installa-tions, as many as 70% by value and at least 60% by number come from the West, making Hungary an Eastern socialist country with one of the highest proportions of Western com-

At the Budapest International

**\$245** 

Fair last May the Hungarian R-10 computer was introduced to the public, but went mostly unnoticed because other ma-chines on display captured at-

tention.

ICI., Honeywell-Bull and Univac are the leading Western computer suppliers to Hungary, IBM, Siemens and Fujitsu have also made their mark and Control Data is involved in long-range training of computer personnel with the Hungarian state organization Szamok. Soviet Minsks and Polish Ordas are the main socialist imports. socialist imports.

According to a recent Hungar-ian report Russian Riad com-puters are made up of modular R-units on a building block prin-ciple, Hungary, within the Riad project, specialized in the pro-duction of the R-10 which is the st of the Riad series.

But the Unified Comp Systems apparently encompasses more than the Riad series; the Videoton – produced 10010B and 0010BM, under license from the French CII, also fall into this category. By the end of 1971 15 such machines were built and Hungary expects to comple 200 units by the end of 1975.

The Central Physics Research Institute came up with a mini-Institute came up with a min-computer of its own and the first of this series, the TPA/1, is already in production. Designed for scientific and educational use tor scientific and educational use it was already successfully intro-duced to users in the Soviet Union and East Germany.

Negotiating with Univac

Hungarians also claim they are negotiating with Univac regard-ing exploitation and promotion of the TPA/1 computer, presum-

ably in the West. Of the Western suppliers of computers in Hungary, Univac is well entrenched with about 20 machines installed and follows only ICL and Honeywell-Bull in number of installations, significantly, most Univac installations are in the small

computer category.

Another area of considerable activity in Hungarian data processing is peripheral. Here Hungarian enterprises appear to fevor cooperative and licensing the property of the product of the product of the product of the product of licensing of certain peripherals in Hungary.

Hungary is struggling to define a meaningful program which will allow its industry to produce 10 times as many computers by 1975 as it did in 1970.

There is also a Central Develop There is also a Central Develop-ment Program for Computer Technology created by the Council of Ministers for pur-chase of computers and services abroad. In this case, approxi-mately \$200 million will be spent for computers and services from abroad during the current Five Year Plan (1971-1975).

Not all such appropriations, of course, will go to Western suppliers because the Soviet Union, Poland, Czechoslovakia and East Germany all have a stake in the Hungarian computer market. But if one considers the past But if one considers the past preference of the Hungarians for Western equipment, the market is significant and a large Western equipment base is already there

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## Expansion Minded Report Details Japan DP Utilization

TOKYO - The average number of computers installed per using

of computers installed per using company here is 19 units, according to a recent report of the Japanese Computer Utilization Development Institute.

Small- to medium-size machines represent the majority of all installations, the report said, and the average number of peripheral units per user is 14.7, the report said.

### Future Expansion

In addition, the report indi-cated almost 80% of the present users plan future expansions. In the next five years, the report-noted, the users expect to ex-pand their EDP operations 2.8

The report said that 31.2% of the installations (by purchase value) have systems valued at

installations with a value of be-tween \$800,000 and \$1.6 miltion; 21.5% are valued between \$325,000 and \$800,000; 14.1% between \$130,000 and \$325,000; and the remaining

9.9% under that value.
In number of units, small- to medium-size installations ac-

me dium-size installations account for 74-65 of all Japanese computer installations, according to the report.

The iron and steel industry has the greatest concentration of systems with 4.8 computers per user, followed by the electric and gas utilities with 3.6 units per user. The insurance industry has 3.4 units per miserable per user. The insurance industry has 3.4 units per miserable per user. The stallation of the per user in the stallation of the stalla

The average number of hours of utilization per unit is 176

per month. Of the companies re-sponding, 57% reported they were using computers less than 200 hours, the report said. Among the various benefits sained directly from computer use, 91.5% of the companies, cited "increased accuracy of

use, 91.5% of the companies. cited "increased accuracy of information processing," 55.1% cited "manpower cost saving" and 34% said "simplification of-file management."

As for indirect benefits from computers, 50.4% of the re-sponding companies cited "ease in obtaining management information."

In addition, 45.8% of non-using companies surveyed said they plan to use computers within three or four years, and 42% of those companies indicated of those companies indicated they favor medium-size com-

### Salvage of Head Diodes **Process Eases**

HAWTHORNE, Calif. - NCR is using a new process to salvage components for its disk memory systems and some CPUs.

The advent of printed circuit boards made the disk memory feasible, since many tiny components can be mounted in a single small package to do the work of earlier discrete com-ponents which would have used 10 times the space now required. When one of these multiple com-ponents fails, however, its revery and replacement are dif-

ult and costly. ficult and costly.

The former Electronics Division of NCR here – now under Control Data due to the NCR-CDC peripherals deal – produces the 655 Class Flying Head disk memory. Twleve heads or transcribing mechanisms are used with each disk, to cover 16 tracks of informato cover 16 tracks of informa

The operation of the Flying Head depends upon the close placement of 48 low-cost diodes, and when one of these diodes fails, the whole assembly must be removed and the diode re-

### Roards Coated

Further complicating the re-work operation is the fact that the printed circuit boards are completely encapsulated in a conformal polyurethane coating. Stripping the boards of this coating is a touchy and costly opera-tion, since the boards must be 100% contamination-free after rework. Any loose particles of coating in excess of 3 microns can cause head crashes in the

system.

To solve the problems Edward
H. Weaver, supervisor of indus-trial engineering and overseas support, turned to the Access Process, from Amphenol, Sams

The process selectively removes all kinds of encapsulating and potting materials. Because the process is carefully controlled, no damage to salvageable components results, Weaver said.

"The service is now saving us approximately 60% of the strip-ping portion of the rework, compared with our previous method." Weaver said, "In addi method," Weaver said, "In addi-tion, the boards decoated by the Access Process are cleaner than we had previously been able to get them, so that a better quality

The Access system is also used in refurbishing NCR's Rod Memory Computer (RMC). Al-though no longer produced by NCR, it is still alive in the field, and leased units are returned to the factory from time to time for rework and updating.

# CDC Names 3 Senior Vice-Presidents

MINNEAPOLIS - Control MINEAPOLIS - Control
Data Corp. has promoted three
executives to senior vice-presidents, named three managers at computing developing
laboratories and appointed
Robert W. Duncan as vice-presi-

Robert W. Duncan as vice-presi-dent, business strategy.

Thomas G. Kamp, senior vice-president of peripheral products, assumes responsibility for the

# Executive

### Corner

design, development and manu-facture of memory devices and optical character reading systems; magnetic core memory manufacturing; and business

products operations.
Paul G. Miller is senior vice-president of marketing, heading CDC marketing activities in 27

countries.

Robert M. Price, senior vice
president, services, directs CDC's
engineering, educational and
professional services, as well as
computer services, the American
Research Bureau and several

Research Bureau and several joint wenture services companies. Named to manage operations at CDC's Computing Develop-ment Laboratories are Gary S. Christensen, Lynn W. Gallug and Donald J. Pagelkopf. Chris-

tensen will direct the network and data base aspects of the Star system development program in Arden Hills, Minn., and Santa

Gallup heads design and devel-opment activities for the com-pany's 8000 series systems, circuitries and memories, and Pagelkopf is in charge of the design, development and producdesign, development and produc-tion of CDC's Star-100 system.

tion of CDC's Star-100 system.

Robert W. Duncan will be responsible for the development of
strategy for CDC's computer
business as well as coordination of the firm's multinational joint business ventures with other DP manufacturers. He will continue to direct CDC's financial services marketing group.

### Other Moves

Bob. O. Evans have been elected vice-presidents of IBM.

- Karl E. Wenk Jr. has been elected president and chief exec-utive officer of Intercomputer
- William W. Fain is now president of Consolidated Analysis Centers Inc.
- Four new officers have been elected at Inforex, Inc. Richard H. Bowen was named treasurer; William J. Brown, vice-president,

director of systems develop-ment; Frank D. Evans, vice-presi-dent, director of manufacturing; and Fritz S. Kern, vice-president, rector of European operations

- Benedetto Capomazza is president of Honeywell Information Systems Italia.
- Jean-Pierre Brule has been named president of the Honey-well-Bull computer companies.
- Charles K. Grundman has been named vice-president, cen-tral operations, of Univac.
- Leonard M. Cozza has been appointed director of large EDP systems development at NCR.
- Richard M. Tyndall has been named director of manufactur-ing operations for the Large Computer Systems Division at Burroughs Corp.
- Gordon Bell has been named vice-president for engineering at Digital Equipment Corp.
- J. Roy Morris, chairm J. Koy Morris, chairman and chief executive officer of Cyber-matics Inc., has reassumed the role of chief operating officer.
- a John C. Thuma has been appointed vice-president of Boothe Computer Corp., re-sponsible for marketing the domestic leasing portfolio.

### Adapso Charaes

# Government on Defensive in IBM Case

NEW YORK - Recent pretrial testimony in the Justice Depart-ment antitrust suit against IBM indicates that IBM's requests for indicates that IBM's requests for information from the government have put the government on the defensive in the case, the Association of Data Processing Service Organizations (Adapso)

said recontly.

Adapso is monitoring all of the court records filed in relation to the case and making them svaliable to the press and the public because it controls that the processor is considered that the processor is considered to the processor is considered to the processor in the court focket and documents made available to us discloses that all recent court development of the discount focket and documents made available to us discloses that all recent court development.

past several months, continue to relate almost entirely to IBM's demands that the government produce a vast amount of docu-ments for IBM's inspection," J.L. Dreyer, executive vice-president,

said.
"The transcript of a hearing before the court, held on March 31 but not docketed or made available until June, shows that the government initially agreed to IBM's discovery.
"Therefore, despite government protestations to the contrary, it was so clearly forced to reverse its original position that

emment has failed to meet its trary, it was so clearly forced to propossibilities in the area of reverse its original position that government information.

"Our regular instance of the even Chief Judge David N. Edel-Our regular instance of the even Chief Judge David N. Edel-Edel Chief C

"Claims of national socurity privilegs were thereafter inter-posed by the directors of Central Intelligence, the National Secu-ity Agency and the Federal Bureau of Investigation.
"Finally on June 29, 1972, the testimony of Charles F. Mo-Knight of the Federal Avia-tion Administration, Depar-sanded Judge Edelstein to sign a modification order with respect to the government's production to the government's production of documents."

of documents."

Bernard Goldstein, Adapso president, said: "We are most disappointed that the government seems to be cast in the role of a defendant rather than a

prosecutor.
"Perhaps all of this is the result
of an IBM delaying tactic, in
accordance with the strategy
that the best defense is a good

"The government has concoded that there will be at least a year or more of additional pretrial to the state of the state o

### Contracts

Documation Inc. has received an order from Nixdorf Com-puter of West Germany for 1,000 M-Series card readers.

Datacraft Corp. has received an order from Harris-Intertype Corp. for 66 computers valued at about \$1.5 million for use in utility, pipeline, industrial and railroad control systems.

Odec, Inc. has been awarded a contract for line printers by the Business Machines Division of the Singer Co. The contract, which could exceed \$16 million, calls for the inclusion of printers in small business computer sys-

Interactive Data Corp. has con-tracted Fairchild Camera & In-strument Corp. to build a 1.5M byte semiconductor memory subsystem for an IBM 360/67.

SYS Computer Corp. has re-ceived a contract from Mead Data Central, Inc. for the manufacture of CRT displays for use with Mead's computerized legal and accounting research services.

Universal Technology Inc. has received a \$300,000 contract from Litton Industries for elec-

Conrac Corp. has received a \$2.8 million contract to provide a Race Information Display for the New York City Off-Track Betting Corp.'s 100 betting

Peoples' Pension Plans, Inc. of New York has contracted Com-puter Facilities Corp., Ltd. to provide DP services with respect to tax-sheltered retirement plans offered by Peoples'.

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# Earnings at IBM, Burroughs, Honeywell Up Sharply in 2d Quarter, Six Months

The computer industry appears to be regaining some of its strength judging from greatly improved second-quarter and sixmonth earnings reports from IBM, Honeywell and Burroughs. Second-quarter earnings figures Second-quarter earnings rigures show a 20% improvement at Burroughs, a 22.4% hike for 1BM and a 65.9% rise at Honeywell compared with the same 1971

period.

Although earnings for the second quarter and six months last year were not spectacular, real progress was made, with Burroughs setting records for the six months, and 1BM posting new highs in earnings for both periods.

periods. • IBM's second quarter earnings reached \$312.2 million, or \$2.70 a share, up from \$255.1 million, or \$2.22 a share, in the same period last year. Revenues rose 21.8% to \$2.36 billion, a record

### Tab Products Earnings Rise 123% for Year. Last Quarter a Record

PALO ALTO, Calif. - Tab Products Co.'s earnings rose 123% for the year ended May 31, and fourth quarter earnings were the best in the firm's his-tory, according to President Harry W. LeClaire.

Earnings for the year were \$699,000, or 83 cents a share, compared with \$314,000 or 38 cents a share for the prior year. Revenues rose 6.5% to \$19 mil-lion, up from \$17.8 million last

Higher profits were attributed to improved sales plus the initial effect from production of the company's new electronic card punch-verifying machine during the fourth quarter. Factory start-up costs had previously

Fourth-quarter earnings eached \$303,000, or 36 cents a

for the second quarter, up from \$1.94 billion in the 1971 period. 51.94 billion in the 1971 period. Honeywell showed earnings of 515.1 million, or 81 cents a share, up 65.9% from \$9.1 million, or 52 cents a share, in the 1971 quarter. The figures include tax credits of \$1.6 million in this year's quarter and \$881,000 in the 1971 quarter. Revenues rose to \$510 million, up 10.3% from \$462.2 million.

Burroughs' second-quarter earnings rose to \$20.3 million, or \$1.09 a share, compared with \$16.9 million, or 92 cents a share in the year-ago period. Revenues reached \$252 million

from last year's \$225.8 million, a 12% climb.

Figures for the six-month period also showed strength. At IBM, earnings rose to another record, \$61.79 million, or \$5.34 a share, an increase of 22.1% above last year's \$505.9 million, or \$4.41 a share. Revenues or \$4.41 a share. Revenues reached \$4.68 billion from \$3.81 billion a year ago.

But sales and rental revenue increased 8.8% in the first half, compared with a 14.4% gain in 1971's first six months. Installations of new DP equip-ment continued at a "relatively

ment continued at a "relatively high level" in the second quarter, President T. Vincent Learnon noted, adding the proportion of equipment sold rather higher in the second-quarter and six-month periods than the depressed level of the comparable periods of 1971." This factor "contributed significantly to the year-dear increased 27.78 in 1970 in 1970

Honeywell's six-month earn-ings rose 63.7% to \$26.3 million, or \$1.41 a share, from \$16.1 million, or 92 cents a share in million, or 92 cents a share in the 1971 period. Revenues were up 7.6% to \$960.2 million from \$892.7 mil-

ion.
Chairman James H. Binger called the earnings picture "heartening" but cautioned that the rate of improvement was affected by the slow first half last

year.
"The outlook for the balance
of the year is good," he said,
The computer business is
"strong worldwide and is contributing significantly to im-proved earnings." Net computer bookings showed solid improve-ment, he said, "reflecting among ment, he said, "reflecting among other things the strong accep-tance of our new product lines, the Series 6000 and Series 2000."

Burroughs set records for six months in earnings, revenues, orders and backlogs. Earnings rose 16% to \$32.5 million, or \$1.75 a share, from last year's

\$1.75 a snare, from last year's \$27.9 million, or \$1.52 a share. Revenue for the first half totaled \$472.6 million, a 9% rise from last year's \$433.9 million. Worldwide incoming orders for the six months reflected a 28%

the six months reflected a 28% increase over 1971, according to President Ray W. MacDonald.
Orders for DP products and systems were "particularly strong," he noted, showing a 52% increase over the 1971

Total worldwide backlogs are at record levels, 29% above those at the beginning of the year, he

# Acquisitions

Planning Research Corp. has agreed to acquire Inmarco, Inc., a unit of Columbia Pictures In-dustries Inc., for about \$5 mil-

lion of Planning Research com-mon stock. Inmarco is an inter-national marketing firm.

Information Dynamica, Inc., a Chicago-based computer soft-ware company, was acquired by World Management Systems, lec., a management and holding company. Information Dynamics will operate as a wholly owned subsidiary.

Richard C. Jones has acquired a majority interest in Program-matics, Inc., a subsidiary of Ap-plied Data Research Inc.

Cubic Corp. has purchased the facilities and property of Western Optics with an option to acquire the California firm. Western Optics is a supplier of optical equipment for commercial and defense markets.

Graphic Sciences Inc. has agreed to acquire the remaining minority interest in Hidoc Inter-national Inc., a computer leasing firm, which is presently an 80%-owned subsidiary of

United Computer Facilities Inc. has acquired the controlling stock in Toltec Corp., which will be known as UCF of Washington

e. has acquired a 79% into Systems for Advanced In

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## New Registrations

COMPUTER COMMUNICATIONS, NC., 5933 W. Siauson Ave., Culver City, Cellir, a computer systems firm, Hed to register \$3.5 million of 9x convertible subordinated debentures, due 1992. Proceeds will be used to retira bank indebtedness and working

num, to be used to and for working of writer is F. Ebersi

COMPUTER CONSULTANTS INC., 1613 University Blvd., N.E., Albuquerque, New Maxico, designer and operator of business information systems, filed to register 300,000 shares of common. Proceeds, at 35 per shera, to be used to rapey loans and for working capital. No underwirter is involved.

CODEX CORP., 15 Riverdate Avs., Newton, Mass., a data communica-tions equipmant firm, filed to register 200,000 sheres of common. Pro-ceeds, at \$22 per shere maximum, to be used to reduce bank borrowings end for working cepital. The under-writer is Kuhn, Loob & Co., 40 Wel \$1., New York, N.Y. 10005.

# Earnings Higher at 4 Service Firms

Four service bureaus have re-ported improved earnings in re-cent periods, and two, National CSS, Inc. and United Data Cen-ters, Inc., have revealed record first-quarter operating revenues and earnings.

and earnings.

Earnings at National CSS, Inc. totaled \$281,464, or 26 cents a share, an increase of 206% over the \$92,054 or 9 cents a share, in the three months ended May 31, 1971.

Revenues reached \$3.8 million, a 49% improvement over the \$2.5 million registered in the same period last year.

Improved earnings and reve-

stallation of new leased com-puters at the data centers in Stamford and Sunnyvale, Calif., productivity improvements and the general improved economy.

\$50,000 Tax Benefit

\$50,000 Tax Benefit United Date Center' earnings reached \$144,076, or 10 cents a share, company of the less of the

pooling of interest of the Dyna-facts, Inc. acquisition.

Keydata Corp.'s nine-month earnings before taxes and non-recurring income rose to \$98,000 compared with a loss of \$91,000 in the same 1971

\$91,000 in the same 1971 period.
Revenues rose to \$5.4 million from \$4.4 million a year ago.
Sterling Computer Systems, consided the parties of \$1.4 million and \$1.4 million a year ago.
\$1.4 million from \$2.2 millio

# The GA DM

e en

If you're at the end of your rope with a throughput-bound IBM 1130, here's wel-come news: General Automation's 18/30 Disk Monitor System directly replaces the 1130. With increased throughput, faster memory, 4th generation hardware, expandability, even real-time and communications capabilities. All this for less than you're paying for your 1130. It's a true prior-performance Dargain.

GA's 18/30 DMS operates directly with programs written for 1130 DM2. So all of your existing software and programming effort is left hister. Europe programs are probably already waiting for you for in our extensive library. And you'll probably get at least the times the throughput you are currently getting on your 130. What s more, you'll be able to choose from our line of faster peripherals - like mag tapes, big disks, card readers, line printers and plotters. It all adds up to a system designed to suit your needs for years to come.

The 18/30's role as a superior, economical replacement for the 1130 is a field-proven fact. A General Automation representative will be glad to show you why dozens of customers have already switched to the 18/30 DMS, and what it can do for you. To find out, give him a call. We maintain offices with complete field service and technical support in principal cities in the United States and Europe. And we're growing by leaps and bounds.

For more information on the 18/30 Disk Monitor System, write us today. We'll also send you your very own length of rope and a book, "Knots and Spilces." All very handy for people at the end of their rope.



GENERAL AUTOMATION, INC. 1055 So. East Street, Anaheim, Ca. 92805 (714) 778-4800 TWX 910-591-1695 'Discover The Value Of Power'

### Nickels & Dimes

Reduced second-quarter sernings have forced Foxboro to view downward via pre-coestul' year. The service sould be served to the service service

TEC, maker of display terminals and components, reported an increase in earnings of 423% to \$211,632 in the year ended April 30. Reductions in overhead costs were

222 Itel sold 69,000 sheres of Xerox common for a sum in excess of \$10 million. Itel still holds 52,000 Xerox com-

still holds 52,000 Xerox com-mon sheres of the originel 121,000 sheres received in the acquisition by Xerox of Diablo Systems.

222 Talex has postponed its en-nuel meeting from July 18 to Sept. 7. "Delays in the deliv-Sept. 7. "Delays in the deliv-ery of proxy materials and annual reports to our share-holders make it appear quite evident that a quorum will not be present at the original meeting dete," noted Presi-dent S.J. Jetras.

University Computing is now officially incorporated as e Dalaware corporation

S\$\$
Deliveries of new equipment in the first quarter were higher than for the entire first half of 1971, according to Thomas L. Ringer, Computer Machinery president.

WE SUY - SELL

FOR SALE

- Teletypes Models 28, 32, 33, 35, 37 Detacoint 3300 CRTs
- oustic Couplers oustic Enclosures PE 11s & 18s J.F. Gibbo

nal Teletypes 23 Cain Di Pleinview, N.Y. 11803 (516) 293-0444



# Computerworld Stock Trading Summary

All statistics compiled, computed and formatted by FRADE & OUDTES , INC.

н							_
ı				CLO	SING PRI	CES THURS	EDAY
ı	E X C		1972 RANGE (1)	CLOSE JUL 20 1972	WEEK NET CHNGE	WEEK PCT CHNGE	K
ı		SOFTWAF	E & EOP S	ERVICES			N A N
۱	0	ADVANCED COMP TECH APPLIED GATA RES. APPLIED LOGIC AUTOMATIC GATA PROC BRANGON APPLIED SYST COMPUTER GIMENSIONS COMPUTER GIMENSIONS	1- 2	1 3/4	1/4 1/2 1/2 1/3 1 1/3 1 1/8	*16.6 *10.8 -4.7 *1.2 *11.1 0.0 0.0	Ä
۱	0 A O N O O	APPLIED CATA RES.	1- 2 4- 7 1- 4 72- 94 1- 2 8- 14 1- 4	1 3/4 3 1/8 2 1/2 93 3/8 1 1/4 8 1/4 1 1/4	• 1/4 • 1/2 • 1/8 • 1 1/8 • 1/8	-4.7	N
ı	N	AUTOMATIC DATA PROC	72- 94	93 3/8	*1 1/8	+11.1	
I	ŏ	COMPUTER OIMENSIONS	8- 14	1 1/4	0	0.0	N
ı		COMPUTER OTNAMICS					Ñ
ı	0	COMPUTER NETWORK COMPUTER SCIENCES	4- 7 6- 10 6- 8 9- 14 5- 9 16- 28 1- 3	5 1/2 9 3/4 4 1/4 16 1/4	-01/8	-2.0	0
١	0	COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY	6- 8 9- 1h	9 3/4	8	0.0	N
ı	ŏ	COMP AUTOHOT REPORTS	5- 9	4 1/4	- 1/2	-10.5	
I	0 N O O N O	COMPUTER NETWORK COMPUTER SCIENCES COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY COMPUTER USAGE COMP AUTOHOT REPORTS COMPUTING & SOFTWARE.	4- 7 6- 10 6- 8 9- 14 5- 9 16- 28 1- 3	5 1/2 9 3/4 4 1/4 16 1/4 1 1/2	- 1/4	0.0 -2.0 0.0 0.0 -10.5 -6.4 -14.2	Ñ
ı		COMSHARE OATATA6 EOP RESOURCES ELECT COMP PROG ELECTRONIC DATA SYS. INFORMATICS I.O.A. OATA CORP	5- 10		- 1/8 0 0 - 1/2 -1 1/8 - 1/4 - 1/2 - 1/2 - 1/2 - 1/2 0 +2 5/8	-7.1 -8.3 -14.8 0.0 +5.2 0.0	0
١	0 0 0 0 0	OATATAS	5- 10 5- 9 3- 8 2- 5 43- 65 7- 11 1- 3	8 1/2 5 1/2 2 7/8 2 5/8 52 5/8 6 7/8 2 1/2	- 1/2	-8.3	N
ł	À	ELECT COMP PROG	2- 5	2 5/8 52 5/8	- 1/2 +2 5/8	0.0	N
ı	ö	INFORMATICS	7- 11	6 7/8	0	0.0	0
ı		1.0.A. DATA CORP					NNNCONN ANOONNN OOKHNAN
١	ô	KEANE ASSOCIATES	8- 12 4- 7 7- 13 4- 9 6- 10 8- 23 8- 20	7 3/4 6 3/4 12 1/4 7 6 18 7/8 18 1/2	- 3/4 - 1/4 - 3/4 0 0	-5.0	N
ı	0	KEYOATA CORP	7- 13	12 1/4	- 3/4	-3.7	A
1	Ă	HANAGEMENT DATA	6- 10	.6		0.0	
ı	A 0 0 0 A 0 P	ITEL KEAME ASSOCIATES KEYDATA CORP LOGICON HANAGEMENT DATA MATIONAL CSS INC ON LINE SYSTEMS INC	8- 20	18 7/8 18 1/2	+ 7/8	-8.8 -5.0 -3.7 0.0 0.0 -3.2 +4.9	N N
۱		PLANNING RESEARCH PROGRAMMING METHODS PROGRAMMING & SYS SCIENTIFIC COMPUTERS SIMPLICITY COMPUTER TOS COMPUTER CENTERS TRACOR COMPUTING		10	- 1/2 + 1/4 + 3/4 0 - 1/8 - 1/8 + 1/4	-4.7 +1.2 +60.0 0.0 -3.8 -2.5 +16.6	
١	N 0 0 0 0 0	PROGRAMMING METHODS PROGRAMMING & SYS	10- 17 20- 24 1- 2 3- 4 1- 5 4- 6 2- 3	10 20 3/4 2 2 1/2 3 1/8 4 3/4 1 3/4	+ 3/4	+60.0	
Į	0	SCIENTIFIC COMPUTERS	3- 4	2 1/2	- 1/8	-3.8	
ł	ě.	TOS COMPUTER CENTERS	3- 4 1- 5 6- 6 2- 3	2 1/2 3 1/4 4 3/4 1 3/4	- 1/8	-2.5	
I		TRACOR COMPOTING	,		- 1/4	-10.0	A 0 0 0 A A A
ı	0 N A 0	TYMSHARE INC UNITED DATA CENTER UNIVERSITY COMPUTING URS SYSTEMS VORTEX CORP	7- 10 5- 8 18- 26 6- 10 2- 3	7 7/8 6 1/2 17 3/4 8 2 1/2	1/8 - 1/6 - 3/8	*1.6 0.0 -1.3 -4.4 *11.1	- 6
ı	N	UNIVERSITY COMPUTING	18- 26	17 3/4	- 1/4 - 3/8 • 1/4	-1.3	
ı	ö	VORTEX CORP	2- 3	2 1/2	+ 1/4	+11.1	- 1
ı			MIS A SU	SYSTEMS			
1							- 3
١	N 0 0 A H	ADDRESSOGRAPH-MULT ADVANCED MEMORY SYS	34- 47 12- 23 7- 13 5- 8 1- 11 5- 21 9- 16	18 3/8 7 3/8 7 7/8 4 7/8 2 7/8 17 5/8 11 3/4	+ 3/4 -1 3/8 + 1/4 + 1/8 0 - 1/4	*1.7 -6.9 *3.3 *2.8 0.0 -1.3 -1.0	ä
	H	AMPEX CORP ANOFRSON JACOSSON	7~ 13 5~ 8	7 3/8	: 1/4	+2.8	
Į	0	ATLANTIC TECHNOLOGY	1- 11	2 7/8	- 1/4	-1.3	9
	Ĥ	ADDRESSOGRAPH-MULT ADVANCED MEMORY SYS AMPEX CORP ANOERSON JACOGSON ATLANTIC TECHNOLOGY GOLT, SERAMEK & NEM GUNKER-RAMO		11 3/4		-1.0	0
1	A	CALCOMP CENTRONICS DATA COMP COGNITRONICS COMPUTER COMMUN. COMPUTER COMPUTER COMPUTER MACHINERY COMPUTEST	17- 23 11- 33 3- 3 2- 7 3- 4 7- 13 5- 9	17 3/8 46 1/2 3 3/4 2 3/8	- 3/8 -1 1/2 - 1/2 - 3/4 - 7/8	-2.1 -3.1 -11.7 -24.0 0.0 -8.0 0.0	
	8	COGNITRONICS DATA COMP	3- 3	3 3/4	- 1/2	-11.7	
ı	0	COMPUTER COMMUN.	3- 4	3 3/8	-,3/4	0.0	
	4000404	COMPUTER MACHINERY	17- 23 11- 33 3- 3 -2- 7 3- 4 7- 13 5- 9	17 3/8 46 1/2 3 3/4 2 3/8 3 10 4 7/8	- 7/8	-8.0	9
1		0474 000000770 0000			- 3/8	-8.1 -18.1 -11.5 -6.3 -40.0 0.0 +4.1	_
	ô	DATA RECOGNITION	2- 5	2 1/4	- 3/8 - 1/2 - 3/8 - 3/8	-18.1	1
	8	DI/AN CONTROLS	0- 8	5 3/8	- 3/8	-6.3	1
	40000 NO	DATA PRODUCTS CORP DATA RECOGNITION DATA TECHNOLOGY DI/AN CONTROLS DIGITRONICS ELECTRONIC M & M FAORI-TEK	4- 7 2- 5 3- 5 0- 8 2- 4 5- 8 2- 5	4 1/4 2 1/4 2 7/8 5 3/8 1 1/2 3 1/8 3 1/8	-1 -1 + 1/8	0.0	ı
	Ö	FAORI-TEK				+6.1	1
	0	GENERAL COMPUTER SYS OENERAL ELECTRIC HAZELTINE CORP INFOREX INC INFOREX INC INFORMATION DISPLAYS LUNDY ELECTRONICS MAMAGEMENT ASSIST	7- 16 59- 70 9- 13 28- 47 2- 5 9- 14 1- 2	11 3/4 62 5/8 9 1/4 38 1 3/4 9 1/4	-1 3/4 -1 3/8 - 3/8 -1 - 1/8 - 5/8	-12.9 -2.1 -3.8 -2.5 -6.6 -6.3 0.0	
	1 5	HAZELTINE CORP	9- 13		- 3/8	-3.8	
	8	INFORMATION DISPLAYS	2- 5	1 3/4	- 1/8	-6.6	l
	0 H H 0 0 A 0	LUNDY ELECTRONICS MANAGEMENT ASSIST	1- 2	1 3/4 9 1/4 5/8	-1 - 1/8 - 5/8	0.0	
		HENOREX				-1.5 -0.3 -4.6 +5.0 +2.7 +6.0 -0.9	
	I Ã	HILGO ELECTRONICS	17- 44	24 1/8 36 7/8 18 1/8 10 1/2 9 1/4 10 7/8	- 1/8	-0.3	1
	1 0	OPTICAL SCANNING	7- 16	10 1/2	+ 1/2	+5.0	1
	N A N O O O A	MEMOREX HIGO ELECTRONICS MOHAMK OATA SCI OPTICAL SCAMNING PERTEC CORP PHOTON POTTER INSTRUMENT	23- 38 17- 44 18- 27 7- 16 9- 17 7- 15 13- 21	24 1/8 36 7/8 18 1/8 10 1/2 9 1/4 10 7/8 13	- 3/8 - 1/8 - 7/8 + 1/2 + 1/4 + 5/8 - 1/8	+6.0	1
		POTTER INSTRUMENT		13		-0.9	1
	0 0 N 0 0 0 0	PRECISION INST. RECOGNITION EQUIP SANGERS ASSOCIATES SCAN DATA STORAGE TECHNOLOGY SYCOR INC TALLY CORP.	7- 13 8- 13 13- 21 7- 13 17- 39 7- 11 8- 15	7 1/2 9 1/8 13 1/2 8 1/8 33 1/2 9 1/4	- 3/4 - 1/8 - 1/8 - 1/8 -1 1/4 -1 1/4	-9.0 -1.3 +0.9 -1.3 +3.0 +2.7 -10.2	1
	N	SANGERS ASSOCIATES	13- 21	13 1/2	: 1/8	-1.3	1
	1 8	STORAGE TECHNOLOGY	17- 39	33 1/2	*1	+3.0	1
	1 8	SYCOR INC TALLY CORP.	7- 11 8- 15	11 1/4	-1 1/3	-10.2	1
		TEKTRONIX INC			- 3/8	-0.6	ı
	H	TELEX WILTER INC	34- 60 8- 15 10- 26	57 8 1/8 19 1/2	- 3/8 - 3/8	-0.5 -4.4 0.0	1
	l °	SUPPL		SSORIES			
	١.					0.0	
	AAON	BARRY WRIGHT	6- 9 9- 13 17- 26 8- 16 7- 10 15- 27 12- 15	6 1/2 11 3/4 20 3/8 8 7 7/8	: 1/1 : 1/2 : 7/3 : 1/3	0.0 *2.1 -2.3 -9.8 -1.5 0.0 *10.6	
	1 6	DUPLEX PRODUCTS INC	8- 16	1 3/8	- 7/8	-9.8	1
	1 %	GRAHAM MAGNETICS	9- 13 17- 26 8- 16 7- 10 15- 27 12- 15	7 7/8 18 13		0.0	1
	1 0	BALTIMORE BUS FORMS BARRY WRIGHT OATA OOCUMENTS OUPLEX PRODUCTS INC EHNIS BUS, FORMS GRAHAM MAGNETICS GRAPHIC CONTROLS			+1 1/4	+10.6	1
	1 :		76-158 42- 55 48- 56	78 3/4 52 5/8 54 5/8	• 1/2 • 1/4 •1 3/4	+0.6 -0.4 +2.5	1
	2000	HASHUA CORP	48- 56	54 5/4	+1 3/8	+2.5	1
	1 6	STANDARD REGISTER	37- 77 14- 20	37 16 1/4	-2 1/4 •1 3/4	-5.7 +12.0	1
	1						_

JR	SDAY,	JULY 20, 1972				
	E			PR10		******
	X		1972	CLOSE	WEEK	
	C		RANGE	JUL 20	MET	PCT
	н		(1)	1972	CHHOE	
	0	TAB PRODUCTS CO	14- 17	15 1/4	0	0.0
	N	UARCO	23- 28	22 3/4	- 1/4	-1.0
	A	WARASH MAGNETICS	8- 11	8 1/2	- 1/8	-1.4
	N	WALLACE GUS FORMS	22- 26	23 1/2	- 1/2	-2.0
		COM	PUTER SYS	TEMS		
	N	GURROUGHS CORP	147-195	191 3/4	+8 3/4	+4.7
	N	COLLINS RADIO	15- 20	13 7/8	- 3/8	-2.8
	N	CONTROL DATA CORP	k3- 78	89 1/4		-3.8
	0		56- 99	95	-2 1/2	-2.5
	ō	DIGITAL COMP CONTROL	10- 23	9 3/4	- 3/4	-7.1
	Ň	OIGITAL EQUIPMENT	72- 97	82	+1 3/6	+2.1
	×	ELECTRONIC ASSOC.	6- 13	9 3/8	-1	-9.8
	A	ELECTRONIC ENGINEER.	7- 14	7 1/4	- 1/2	-6.4
	N	FOXEORO ·	28- 41	28 1/4	-1 3/4	-5.8
	0	GENERAL AUTOMATION	13- 29	26 1/2	+1 1/4	+4.9
	0	GRI COMPUTER CORP	3- 5	4 1/4	- 1/4	
	N	HEWLETT-PACKARO CO	48- 72		-1 1/2	
	N	HONEYWELL INC	130-138			+0.5
	N	I 6H	333-404	390 3/4	-1	-0.2
	0	INTERDATA INC	8- 16	10 3/4	- 1/4	-2.2
	o	HICRODATA CORP	3- 10	8 1/2		
	H	NCR	29- 33	30 3/4	- 1/4	-0.8
	H	RAYTHEON CO	33- 47	35	-1	-2.7
	N	SPERRY RANG	30- 44		+ 3/8	+1.3
		SYSTEMS ENG. LAOS	10- 16		- 5/8	-3.3
	*	VARIAN ASSOCIATES	14- 18	15	+1	+7.1
	н	VICTOR COMPTOMETER	15- 24	18 3/8	- 1/8	-0.6
	N		33- 61		-2 1/4	-5.2
	N.	XEROX CORP	121-139	151 1/4	+4 1/4	+2.8
		LEAS	ING COMP	INIES		
		GOOTHE COMPUTER	7- 18	6 7/8	- 1/8	-1.7
	â	ORESNAHAN COMP.	2- 3	2 // 0	- 1/8	-3.8
		COMPLISCO INC	3- 18	15 1/2	-2 1/0	-11.4

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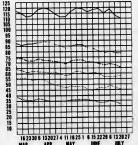
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EXCH: N=NEW YORK EXCHANGE; A=AMERICAN EXCHANGE
L=NATIONAL EXCHANGE; O=OVER-THE-COUNTEP
PARTICULE ARE SID PRICES AS OF 3 P.H. OR LAST BID
(1) TO REARST GOLLAR

# Computer Stocks Trading Index

Computer Systems Peripherals & Subsytems Supplies & Accessories		Se	rvic	es ompa	anies
125	1			1	$\blacksquare$



# Earnings

Reports

Three !	donths Ended	April 30
	1972	1971
Shr Ernd	8.15	8.01
Revenue	4,052,000	2,582,000
Tax Cred	140,000	
Earnings	301,000	10,000
Mo Shr	.50	
Revenue	10,560,000	7,917,000
Tax Cred	442,000	
Earnings	912,000	(60,000)

Year Ended March 31
1972 1971
Revenus 73,587,000 81,537,000
Spec Chg a882,000 b1,601,00
Earnings 1,281,000 5,491,00
a-Loss from closedown of Californ facilities. b-From writeoff of biddebt and consolidation of Minneso

Three Months Ended April 30
ish Erind 1972 1971
SRavenue 27,813,000 25,261,000
cos Disc 05,000 1,672,000
ish Gibr 1,924,000 1,672,000
ish Gibr 1,924,000 1,672,000
ish Gibr 2,000 1,000 1,000
ish Gibr 2,000 1,000 1,000
ish Gibr 2,000 1,000 1,000
ish Gibr 31,043,000 45,091,000
ish Gibr 31,043,000 1,000 1,000
ish Gibr 31,043,000 1,000 1,000
ish Gibr 31,043,000 3,211,000
ish Gibr 31,043,000 3,211,000
ish Gibr 31,043,000 1

ooling-of-interasts basis and to axiude rasults of discontinuad oparions. b-From continuing operations
ALPHA INDUSTRIES
Year Ended March 31
1972
1971
1972
1971
3972
4,807,215
2,972,855

Revenue 4,807,215 \$2,972.5t Disc Op (20,717) 76,21 Spec Rtem a57,223 b598,7 Earnings 47,938 (990,46 +-Gain on sale of sizes, b-Loss fro sale of investment. MANAGEMENT DATA Three Months Ended May 31

Shr Ernd 8.15 \$.13
Revenue 1.952,300 2,342,000
Earnings 155,000 140,500

COMPUTER INSTALLATIONS
Three Months Ended March 31
1972 1971

TAB PRODUCTS
Year Ended May 31
1972
1973
Ernd \$.03 \$.3
inue 18,997,000 17,861,000

DATA GENERAL
Three Months Ended June 3
1972 1971
Ernd 3.35 5.10
Inue 7,323,000 3,964,000
lings 926,000 415,000

Sierra monitoring and control systems let your compare get and dirt





# Epoch 4 means never having to say you're sorry.

"I'm sorry, we don't have that data yet."

"I'm sorry, that's being re-run."

"I'm sorry, we've lost that information."

In EDP, "I'm sorry," just doesn't cut much ice. But consider this: Epoch 4 is the tape that's 80 times tougher than the ceition. Epoch 4 is the tape that cuts handling damage by 50 per cent. Epoch 4 is the tape with a twenty year warranty. Epoch 4 is the tape that won't let you (or your data) down

Make a date with your man from Graham Magnetics. Have a heart-to-heart talk about Epoch 4. And never say "I'm sorry," again.



GRAHAM, TEXAS 76046